

Light elements in the light of 3D and non-LTE

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MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT

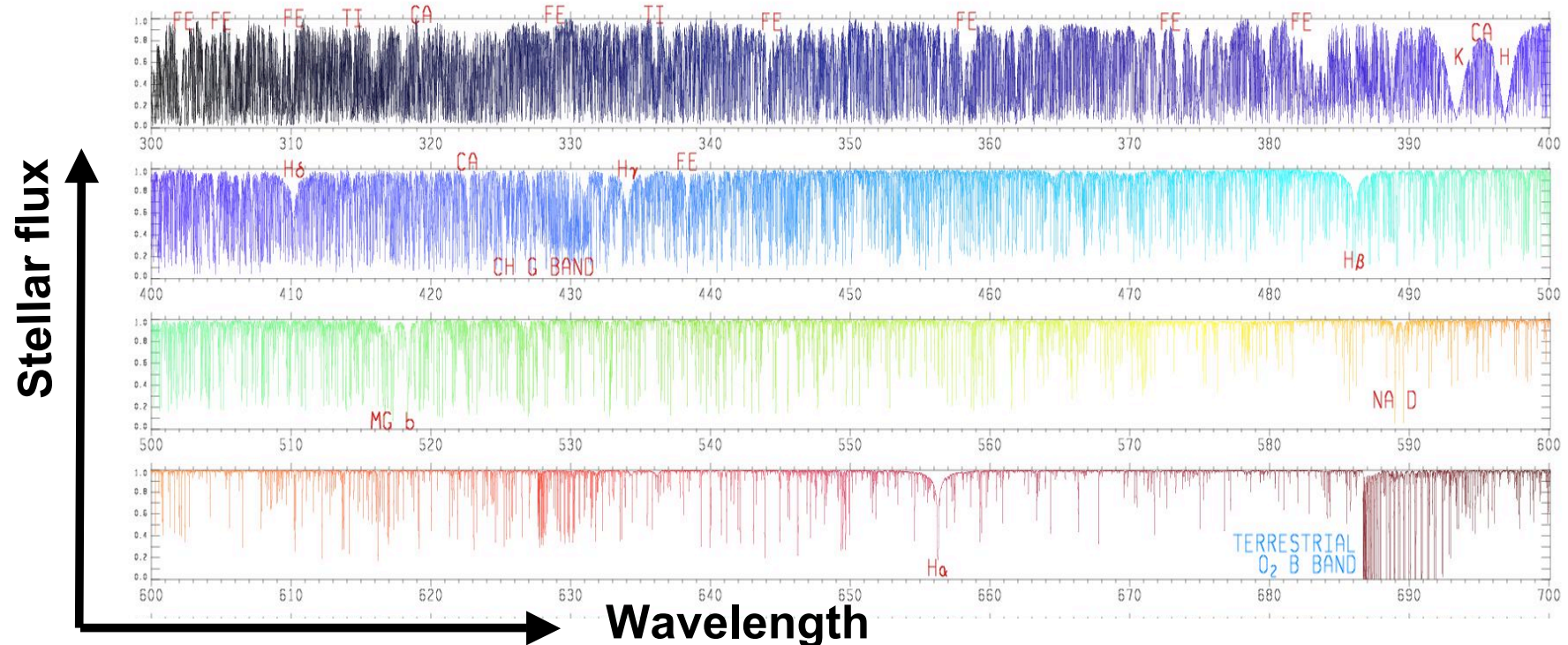
Max Planck Institute
for Astrophysics



Elemental fingerprints

The chemical composition is encoded in stellar spectra but detailed modelling is required:

- **Stellar atmospheres** ⇒ **Convection/3D**
- **Radiative transfer** ⇒ **Non-LTE**



LTE vs non-LTE

LTE: Boltzmann + Saha distribution

$$\frac{N_i}{N} = \frac{g_i}{u(T)} e^{-\chi_i/kT}$$

$$\frac{N_{i+1}}{N_i} N_e = \frac{U_{i+1}}{U_i} \left(\frac{2\pi m_e kT}{h^2} \right)^{3/2} e^{-\chi_{ion}/kT}$$

“Depends only on local conditions”

Non-LTE: Rate equations + radiative transfer equation

$$\frac{dn_i(r)}{dt} = \sum_{j=i}^N n_j(r) P_{ji}(r) - n_i(r) \sum_{j=i}^N P_{ij}(r) = 0$$

$$P_{ij} = A_{ij} + B_{ij} \bar{J} + C_{ij}$$

$$\frac{dI_\nu}{d\tau_\nu} = -I_\nu + S_\nu$$

“Everything depends on everything everywhere”

Non-LTE input atomic data

Radiative transitions:

- Bound-bound
- Photo-ionization

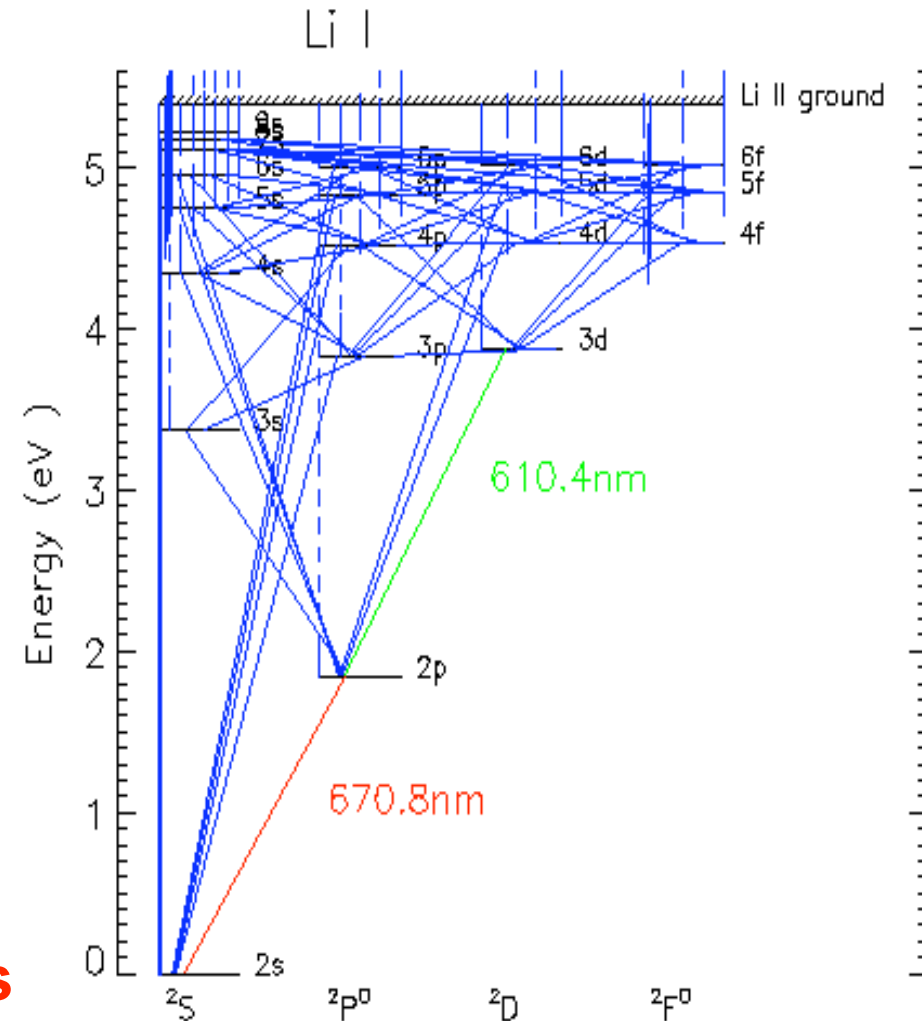
Data available (Opacity Project, Iron Project etc)

Collisional transitions:

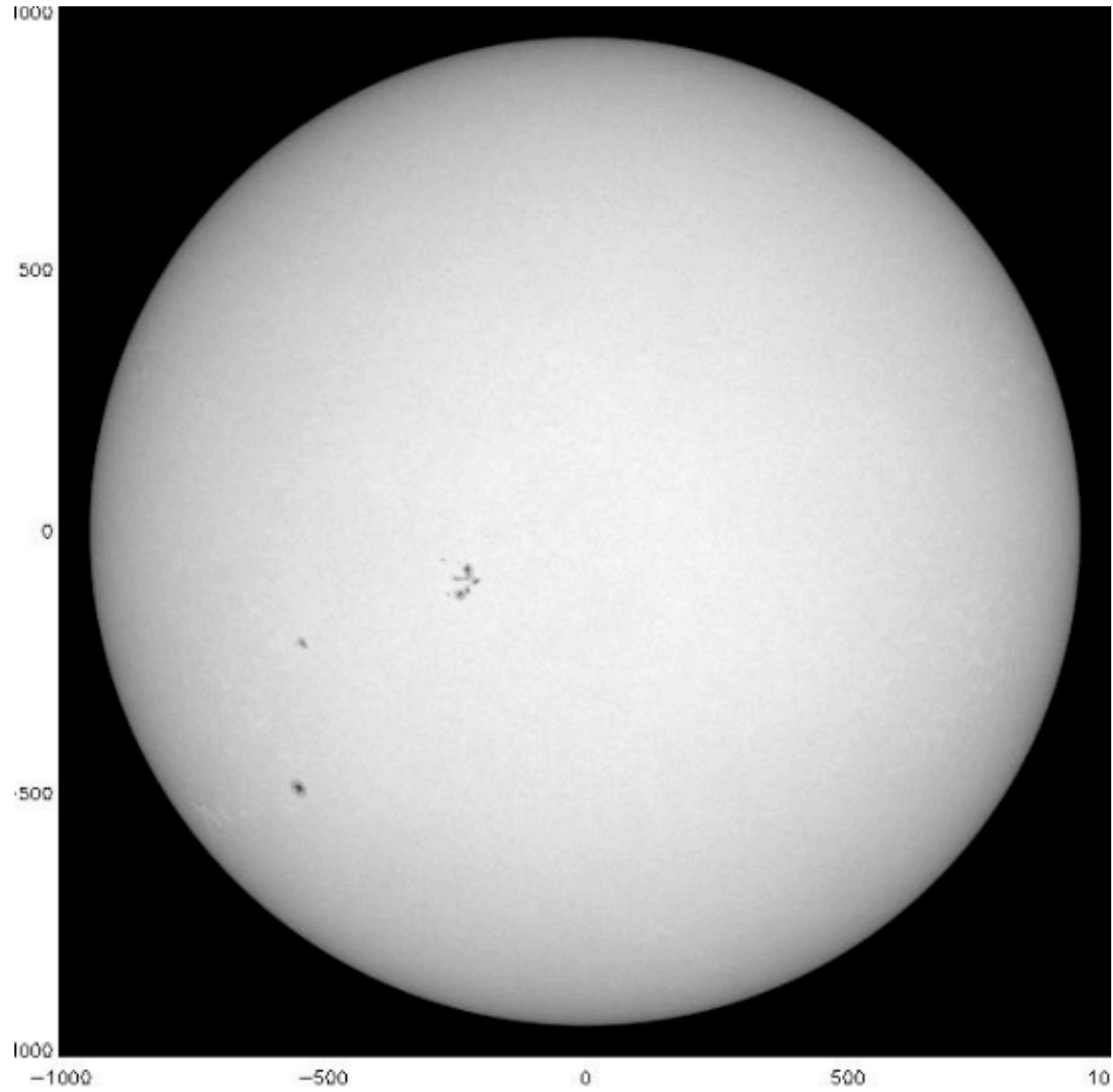
- Electrons
- Hydrogen
- Charge transfer

Data available for Li (Barklem et al. 2003)

Uncertain classical recipes for Be+B (e.g. Drawin 1968)

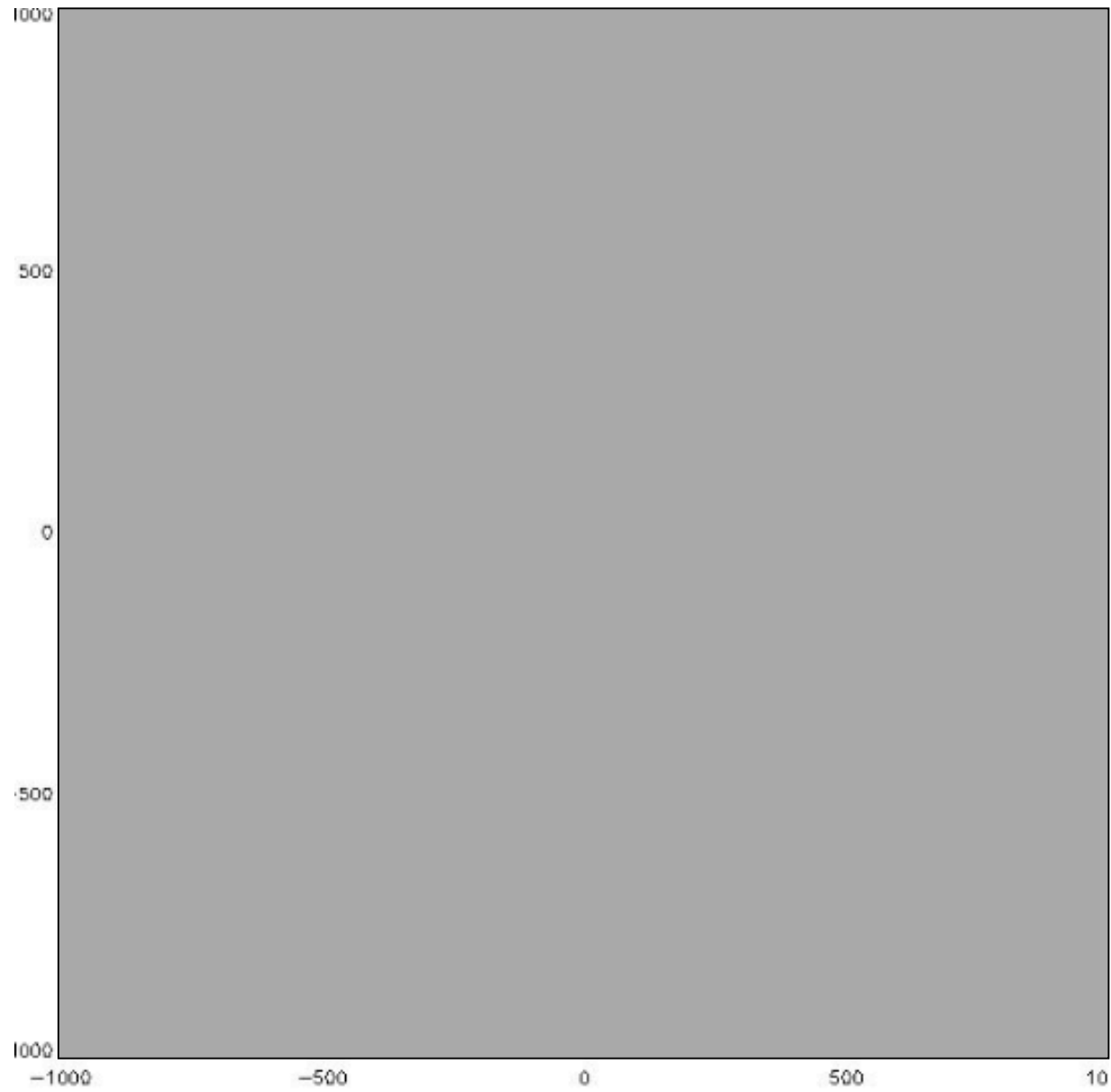


Solar atmosphere



Mats Carlsson (Oslo)

Solar atmosphere

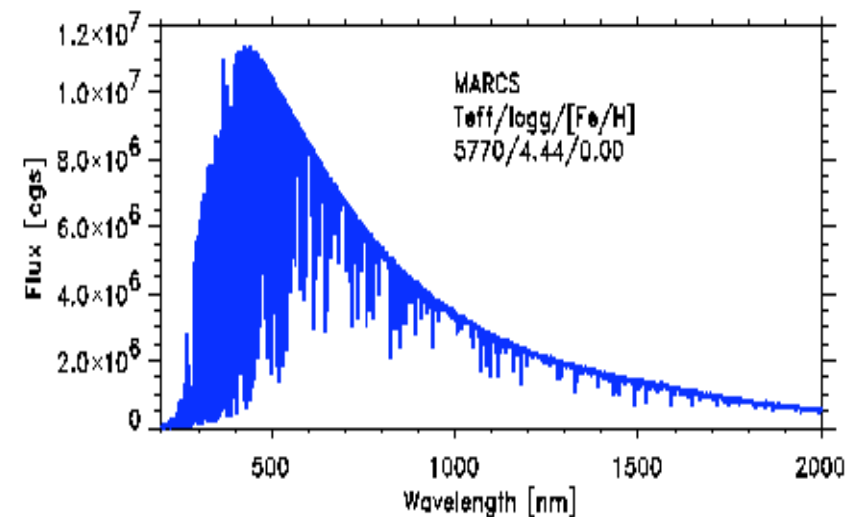
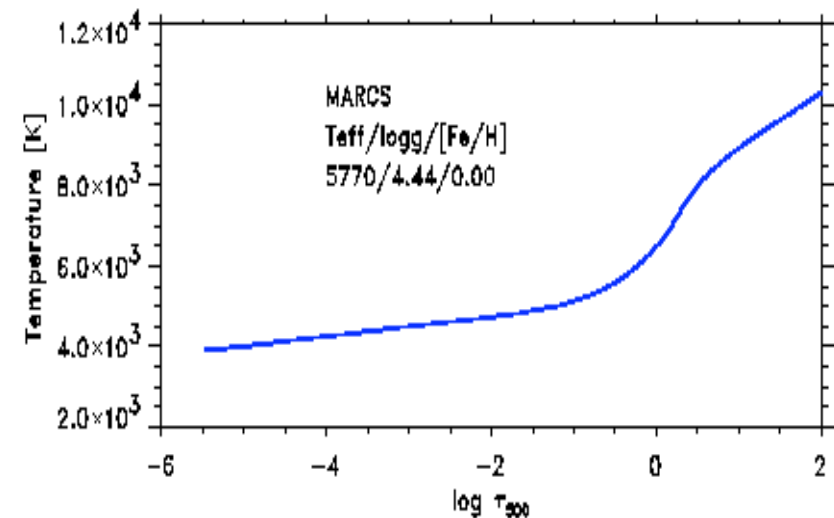


Mats Carlsson (Oslo)

1D stellar atmosphere models

Model atmospheres:

- Time-independent
- 1-dimensional
- Hydrostatic
- Mixing length theory
- LTE
- Detailed radiative transfer
- MARCS, Kurucz etc



3D stellar atmosphere models

Ingredients:

- Radiative-hydrodynamical
- Time-dependent
- 3-dimensional
- Simplified radiative transfer
- LTE

Essentially parameter free

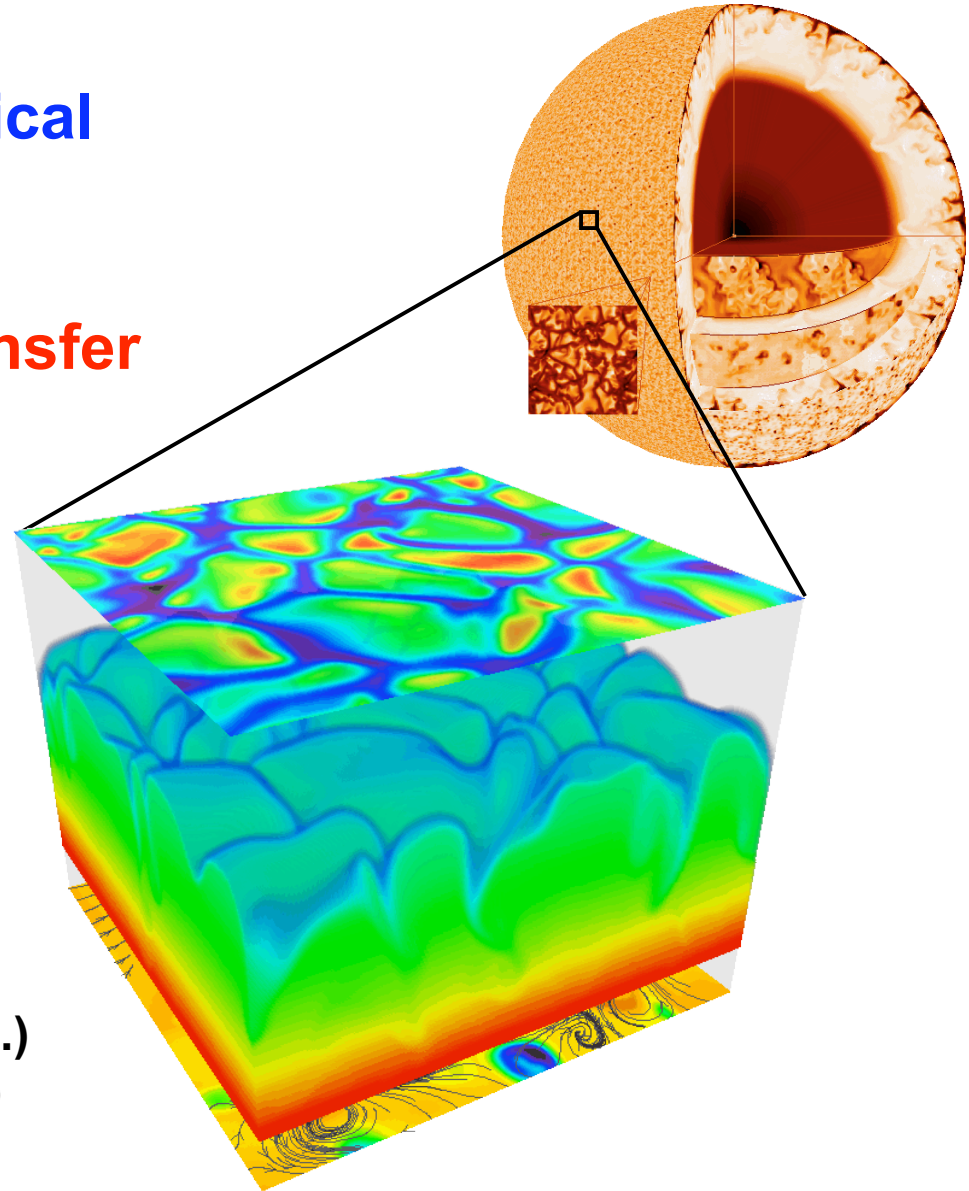
For the aficionados:

Stagger-code (Nordlund et al.)

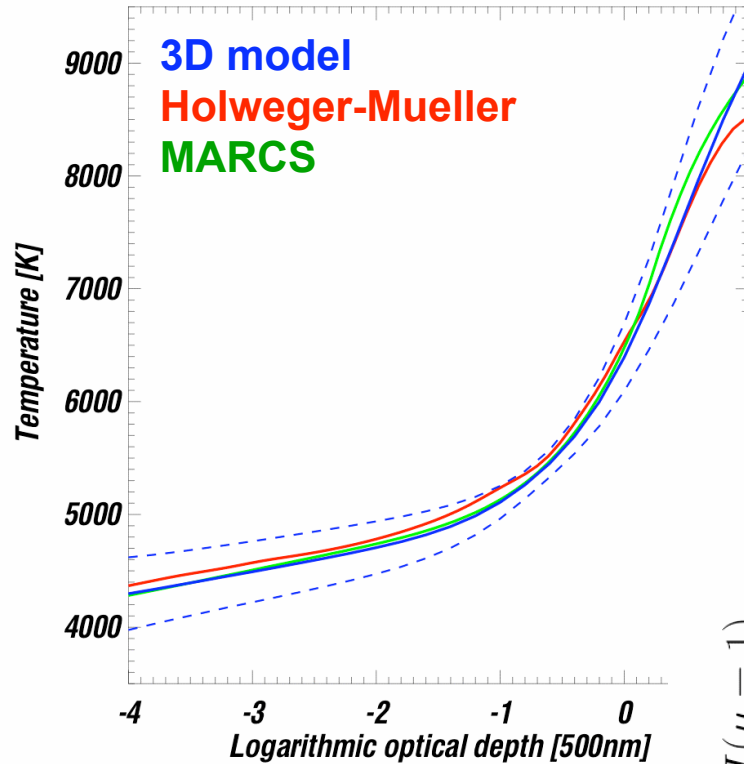
MHD equation-of-state (Mihalas et al.)

MARCS opacities (Gustafsson et al.)

Opacity binning (Nordlund)



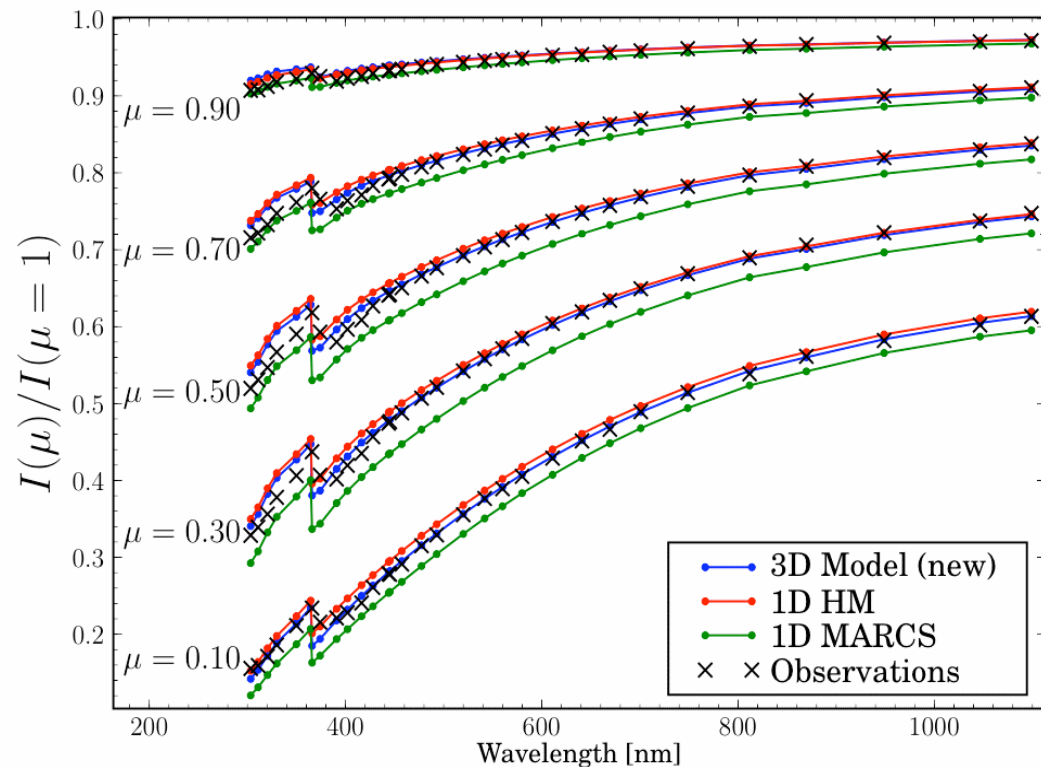
Temperature structure



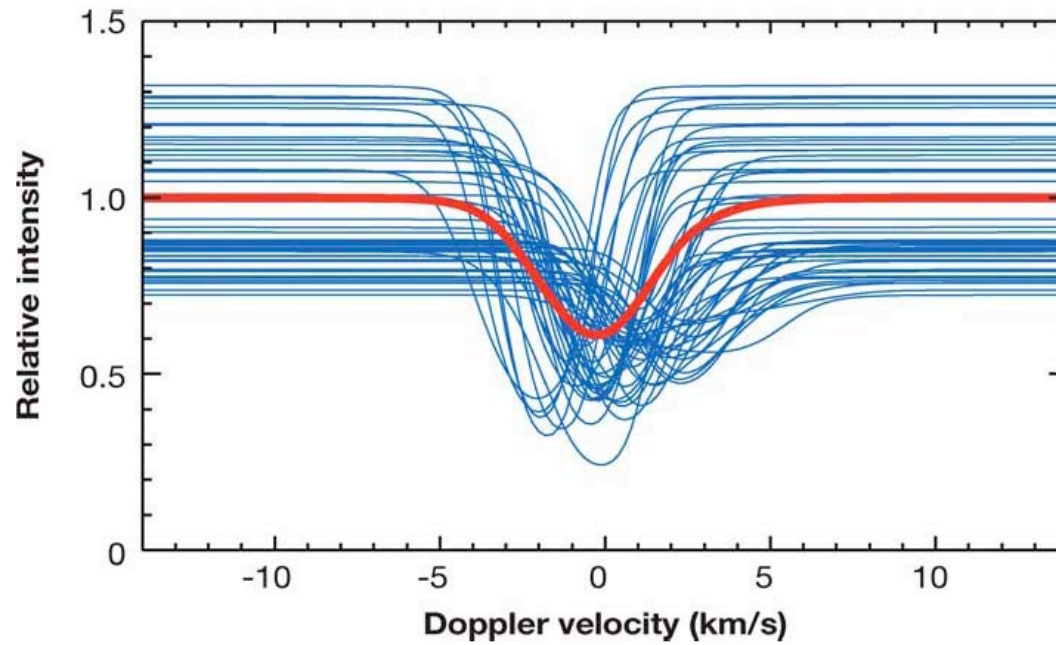
Similar good agreement with CO⁵BOLD 3D solar model (Caffau et al. 2008)

Atmospheric temperature structure is critical
Our 3D model performs remarkably well

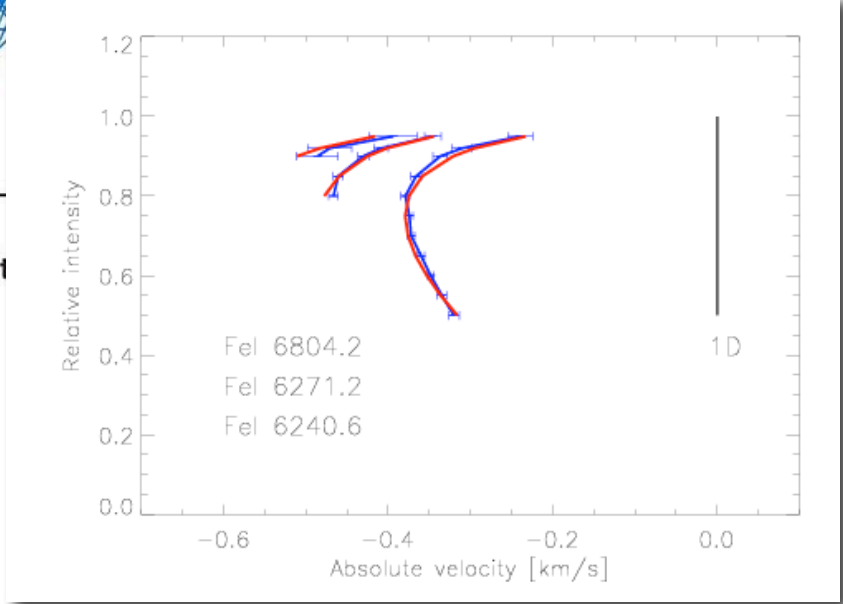
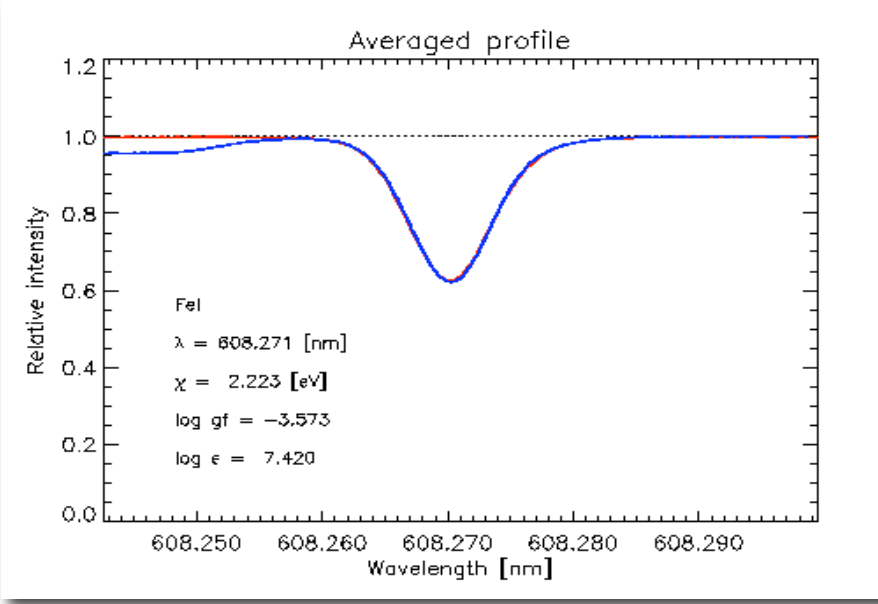
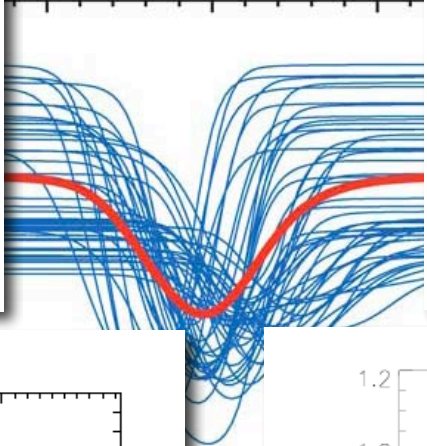
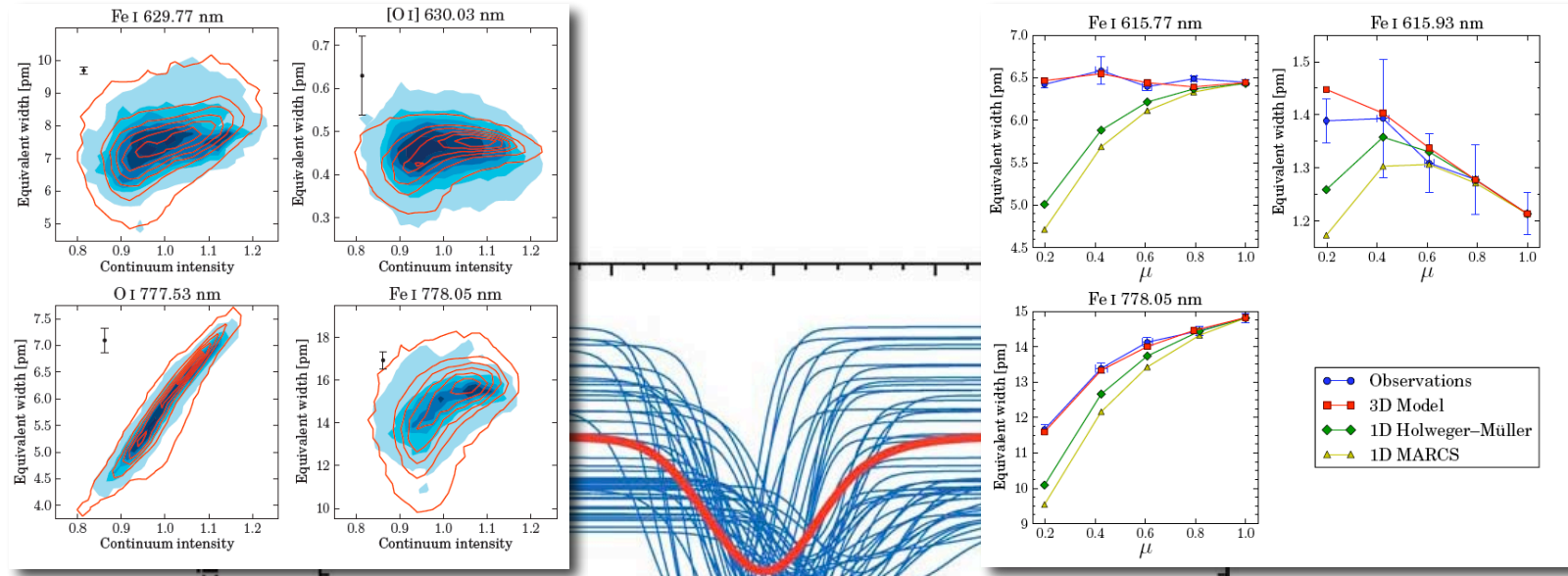
Pereira et al. 2009



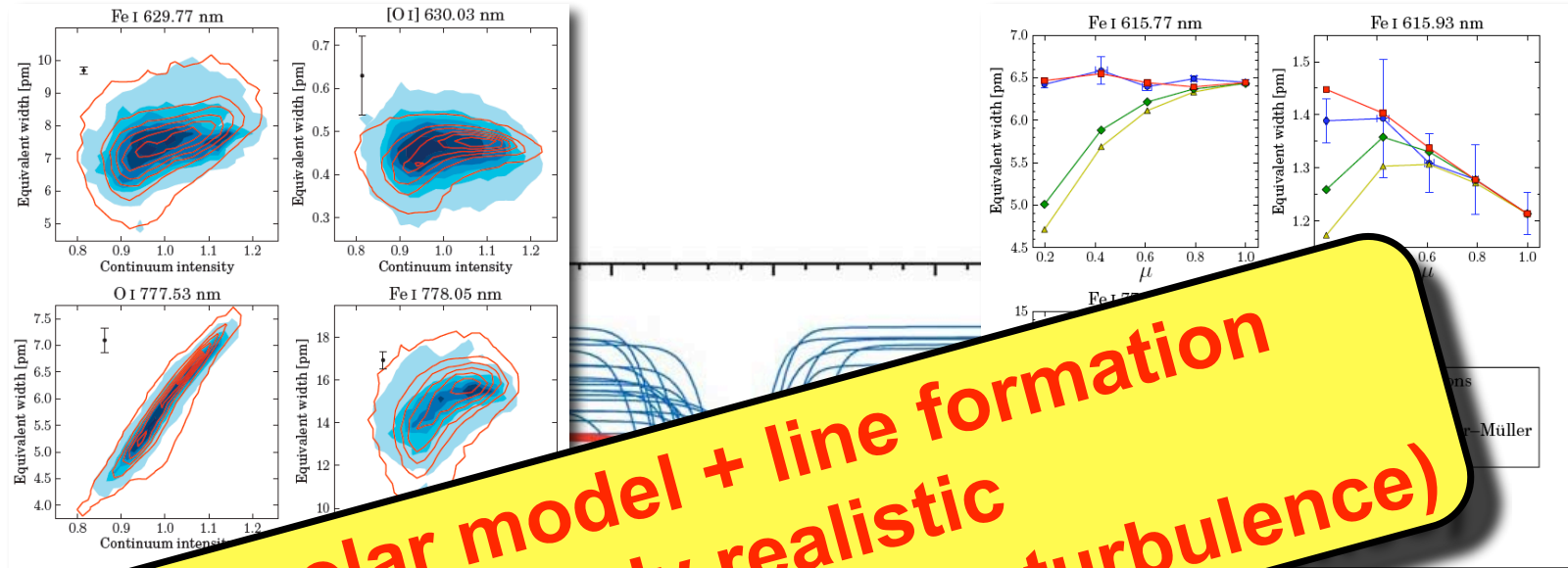
3D line formation



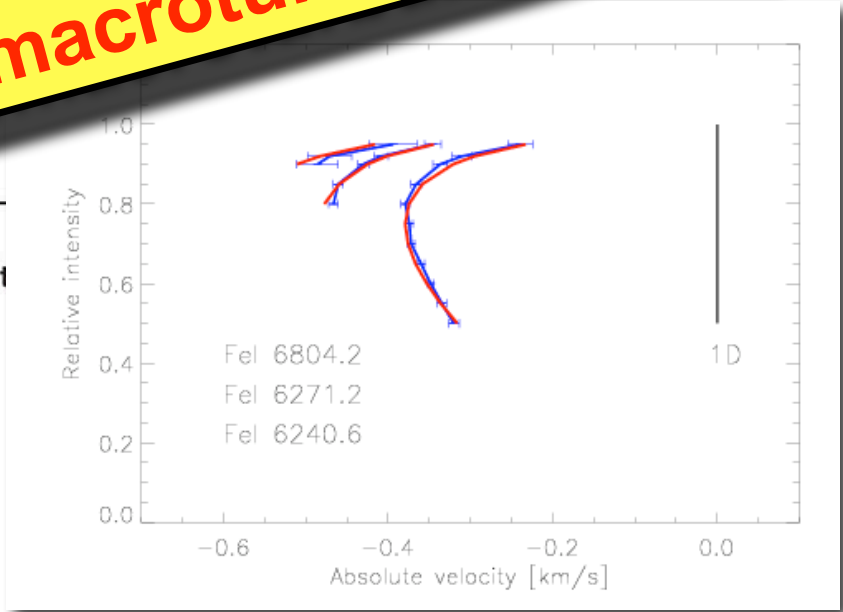
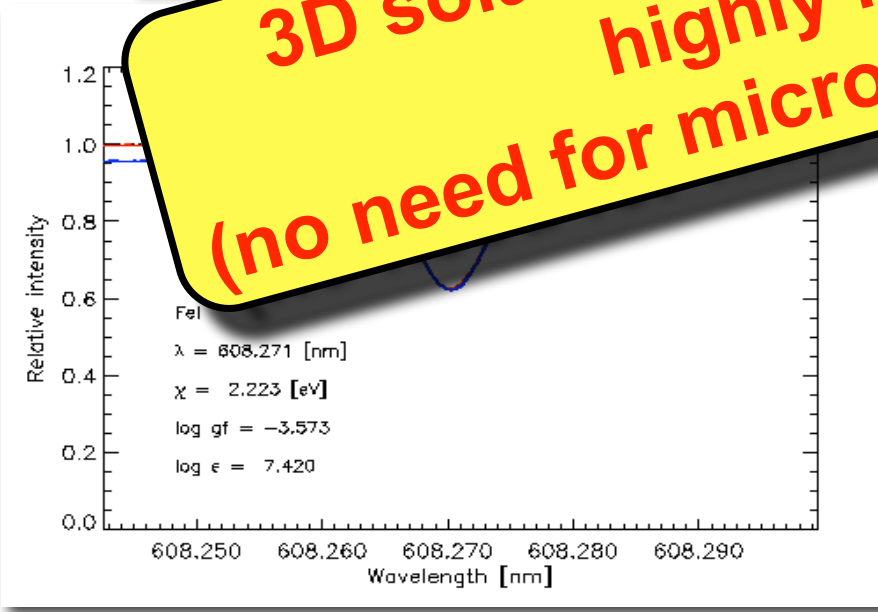
3D line formation



3D line formation



**3D solar model + line formation
highly realistic
(no need for micro-/macroturbulence)**

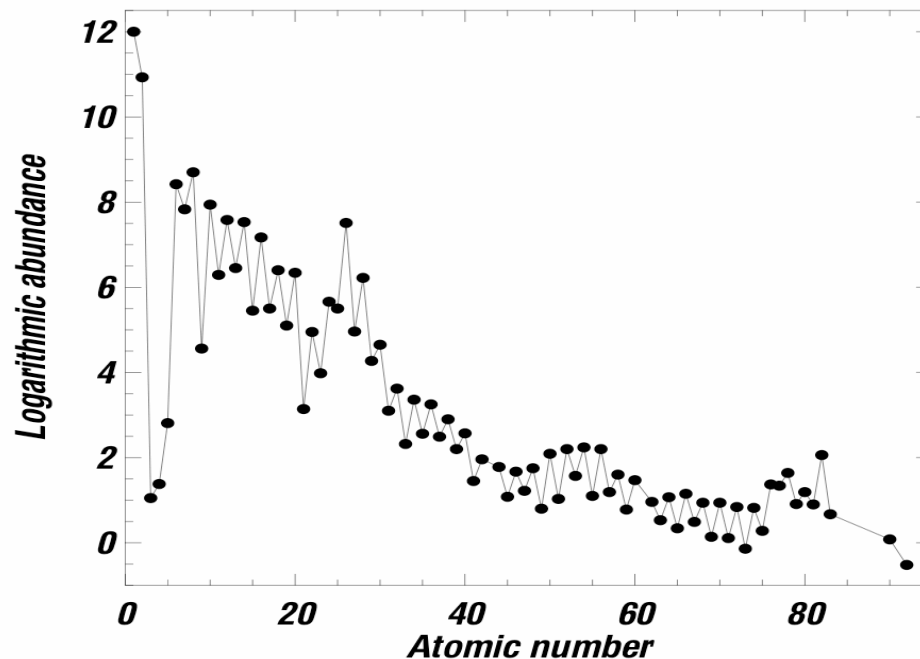


Complete solar inventory

Asplund et al. (2009, ARAA):
3D-based analysis of all elements

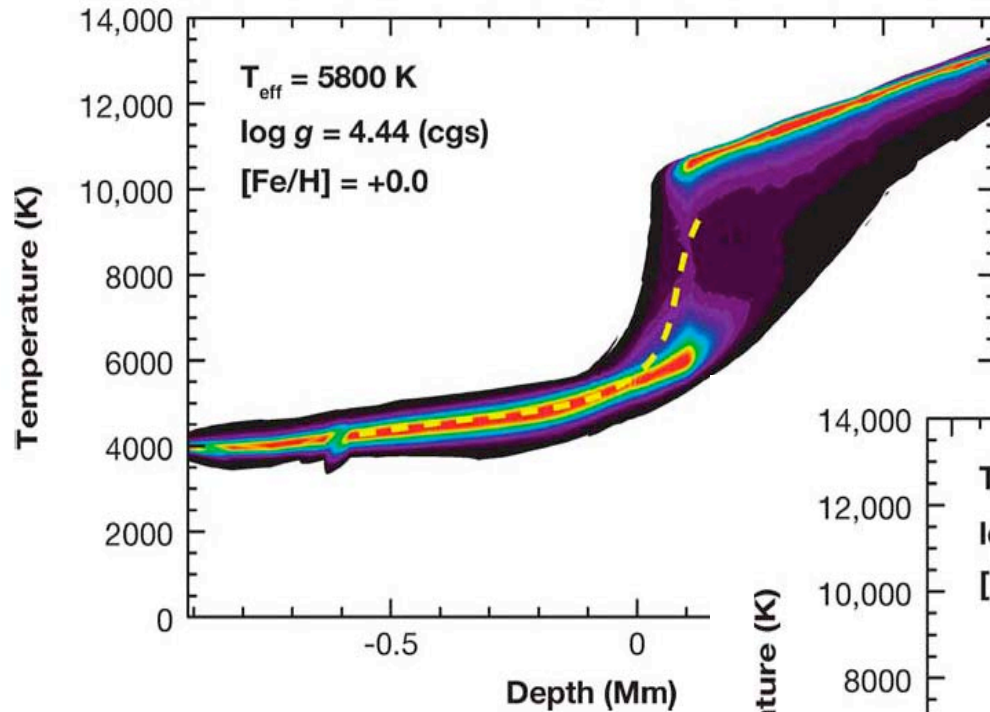
- >2200 atomic + molecular lines
- 3D non-LTE for some elements

⇒ **3D stellar analysis doable!**

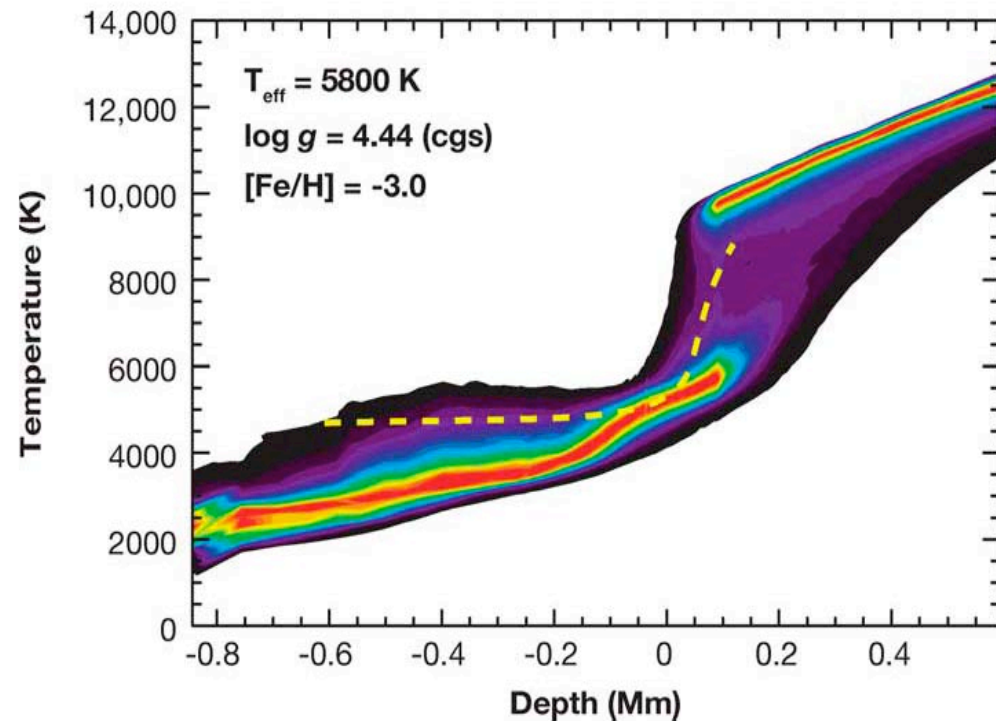


Elem.	Photosphere	Meteorites	Elem.	Photosphere	Meteorites		
1	H	12.00	8.22 ± 0.04	44	Ru	1.75 ± 0.09	1.76 ± 0.03
2	He	[10.93 ± 0.01]	1.29	45	Rh	0.91 ± 0.08	1.06 ± 0.04
3	Li	1.05 ± 0.10	3.26 ± 0.05	46	Pd	1.57 ± 0.07	1.65 ± 0.02
4	Be	1.38 ± 0.09	1.30 ± 0.03	47	Ag	0.94 ± 0.11	1.20 ± 0.02
5	B	2.70 ± 0.20	2.79 ± 0.04	48	Cd		1.71 ± 0.03
6	C	8.43 ± 0.05	7.39 ± 0.04	49	In	0.80 ± 0.20	0.76 ± 0.03
7	N	7.83 ± 0.05	6.26 ± 0.06	50	Sn	2.04 ± 0.10	2.07 ± 0.06
8	O	8.69 ± 0.05	8.40 ± 0.04	51	Sb		1.01 ± 0.06
9	F	4.56 ± 0.30	4.42 ± 0.06	52	Te		2.18 ± 0.03
10	Ne	[7.93 ± 0.10]	-1.08	53	I		1.55 ± 0.08
11	Na	6.24 ± 0.04	6.27 ± 0.02	54	Xe	[2.24 ± 0.06]	-1.93
12	Mg	7.60 ± 0.04	7.53 ± 0.01	55	Cs		1.08 ± 0.02
13	Al	6.45 ± 0.04	6.43 ± 0.01	56	Ba	2.18 ± 0.09	2.18 ± 0.03
14	Si	7.51 ± 0.04	7.51 ± 0.01	57	La	1.10 ± 0.04	1.17 ± 0.02
15	P	5.41 ± 0.03	5.43 ± 0.04	58	Ce	1.58 ± 0.04	1.58 ± 0.02
16	S	7.12 ± 0.03	7.15 ± 0.02	59	Pr	0.72 ± 0.04	0.76 ± 0.03
17	Cl	5.50 ± 0.30	5.23 ± 0.06	60	Nd	1.42 ± 0.04	1.45 ± 0.02
18	Ar	[6.40 ± 0.13]	-0.46	62	Sm	0.96 ± 0.04	0.94 ± 0.02
19	K	5.03 ± 0.09	5.08 ± 0.02	63	Eu	0.51 ± 0.04	0.51 ± 0.02
20	Ca	6.34 ± 0.04	6.29 ± 0.02	64	Gd	1.07 ± 0.04	1.05 ± 0.02
21	Sc	3.15 ± 0.04	3.05 ± 0.02	65	Tb	0.24 ± 0.08	0.32 ± 0.03
22	Ti	4.95 ± 0.05	4.91 ± 0.03	66	Dy	1.10 ± 0.04	1.13 ± 0.02
23	V	3.93 ± 0.08	3.96 ± 0.02	67	Ho	0.48 ± 0.11	0.47 ± 0.03
24	Cr	5.64 ± 0.04	5.64 ± 0.01	68	Er	0.93 ± 0.05	0.92 ± 0.02
25	Mn	5.43 ± 0.05	5.48 ± 0.01	69	Tm	0.10 ± 0.04	0.12 ± 0.03
26	Fe	7.50 ± 0.04	7.45 ± 0.01	70	Yb	0.84 ± 0.11	0.92 ± 0.02
27	Co	4.99 ± 0.07	4.87 ± 0.01	71	Lu	0.10 ± 0.09	0.09 ± 0.02
28	Ni	6.22 ± 0.04	6.20 ± 0.01	72	Hf	0.84 ± 0.04	0.71 ± 0.02
29	Cu	4.19 ± 0.05	4.25 ± 0.04	73	Ta		-0.12 ± 0.04
30	Zn	4.56 ± 0.04	4.63 ± 0.04	74	W	0.87 ± 0.11	0.65 ± 0.04
31	Ga	3.04 ± 0.10	3.08 ± 0.02	75	Re		0.26 ± 0.04
32	Ge	3.65 ± 0.09	3.58 ± 0.04	76	Os	1.29 ± 0.06	1.35 ± 0.03
33	As		2.30 ± 0.04	77	Ir	1.35 ± 0.10	1.32 ± 0.02
34	Se		3.34 ± 0.03	78	Pt		1.62 ± 0.03
35	Br		2.54 ± 0.06	79	Au	0.93 ± 0.11	0.80 ± 0.04
36	Kr	[3.25 ± 0.06]	-2.23	80	Hg		1.17 ± 0.08
37	Rb	2.52 ± 0.08	2.36 ± 0.03	81	Tl	0.90 ± 0.20	0.77 ± 0.03
38	Sr	2.87 ± 0.07	2.88 ± 0.03	82	Pb	1.76 ± 0.08	2.04 ± 0.03
39	Y	2.21 ± 0.05	2.17 ± 0.04	83	Bi		0.65 ± 0.04
40	Zr	2.58 ± 0.05	2.53 ± 0.04	90	Th	0.02 ± 0.09	0.06 ± 0.03
41	Nb	1.46 ± 0.04	1.41 ± 0.04	92	U		-0.50 ± 0.03
42	Mo	1.88 ± 0.08	1.94 ± 0.04				

3D models of metal-poor dwarfs

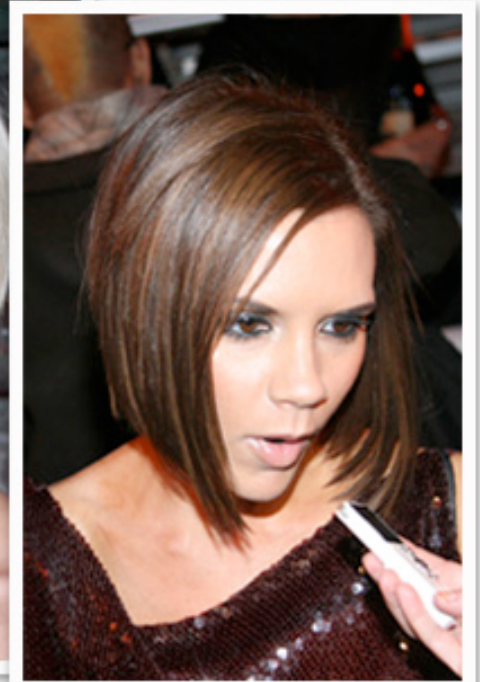


Asplund et al. 1999:
Very different atmospheric temperature structure in 3D than in 1D models at low $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$

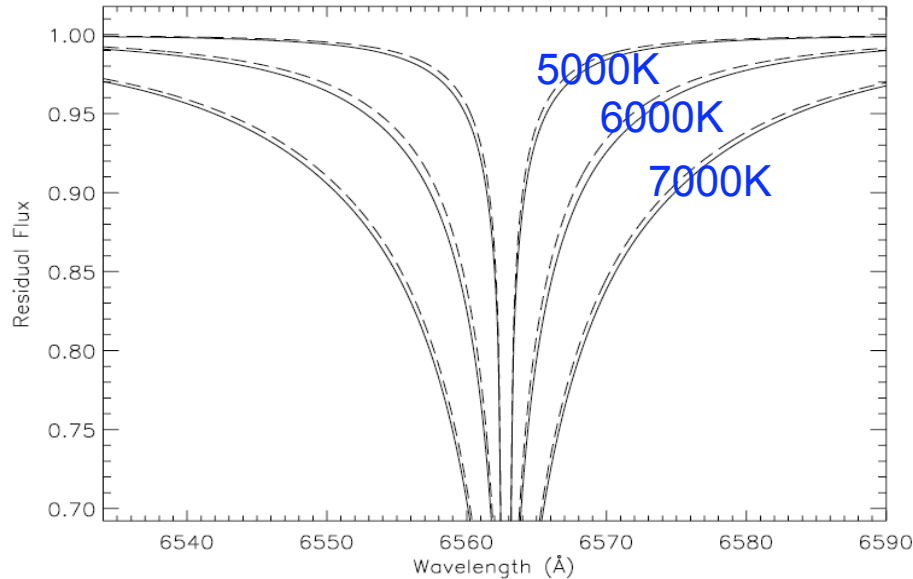


Confirmed by 3D models from CO⁵BOLD group (Ludwig et al.)

Hydrogen

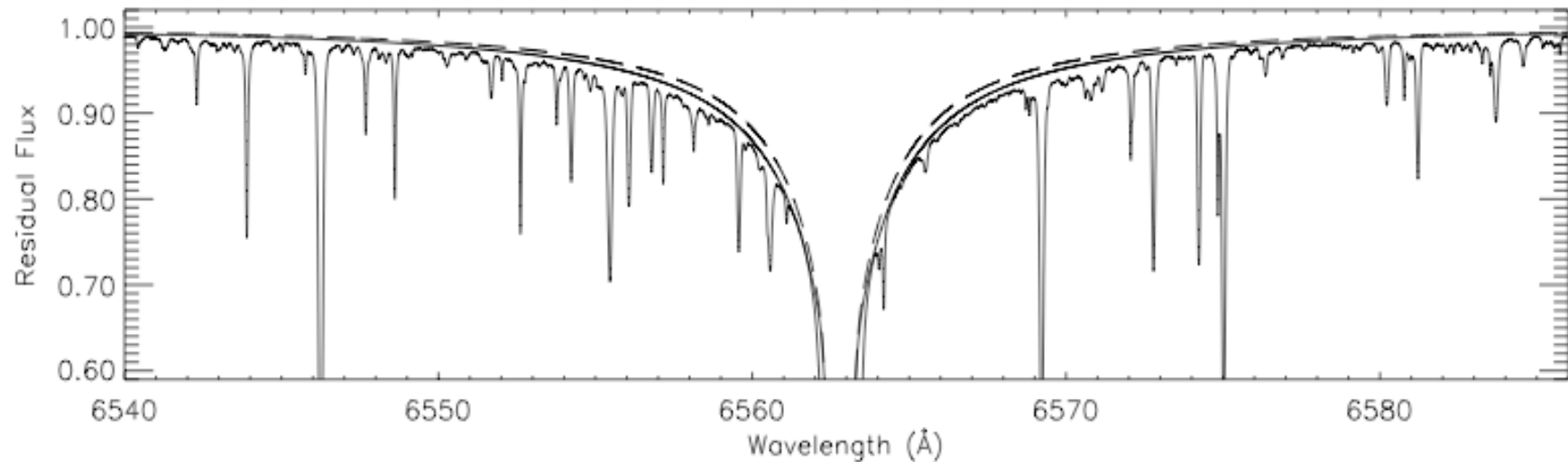


Hydrogen lines and T_{eff}



- H lines as thermometer**
- + precise**
- + pressure broadening**
- non-LTE**
- convection**

Barklem et al. 2000: Importance of self-broadening



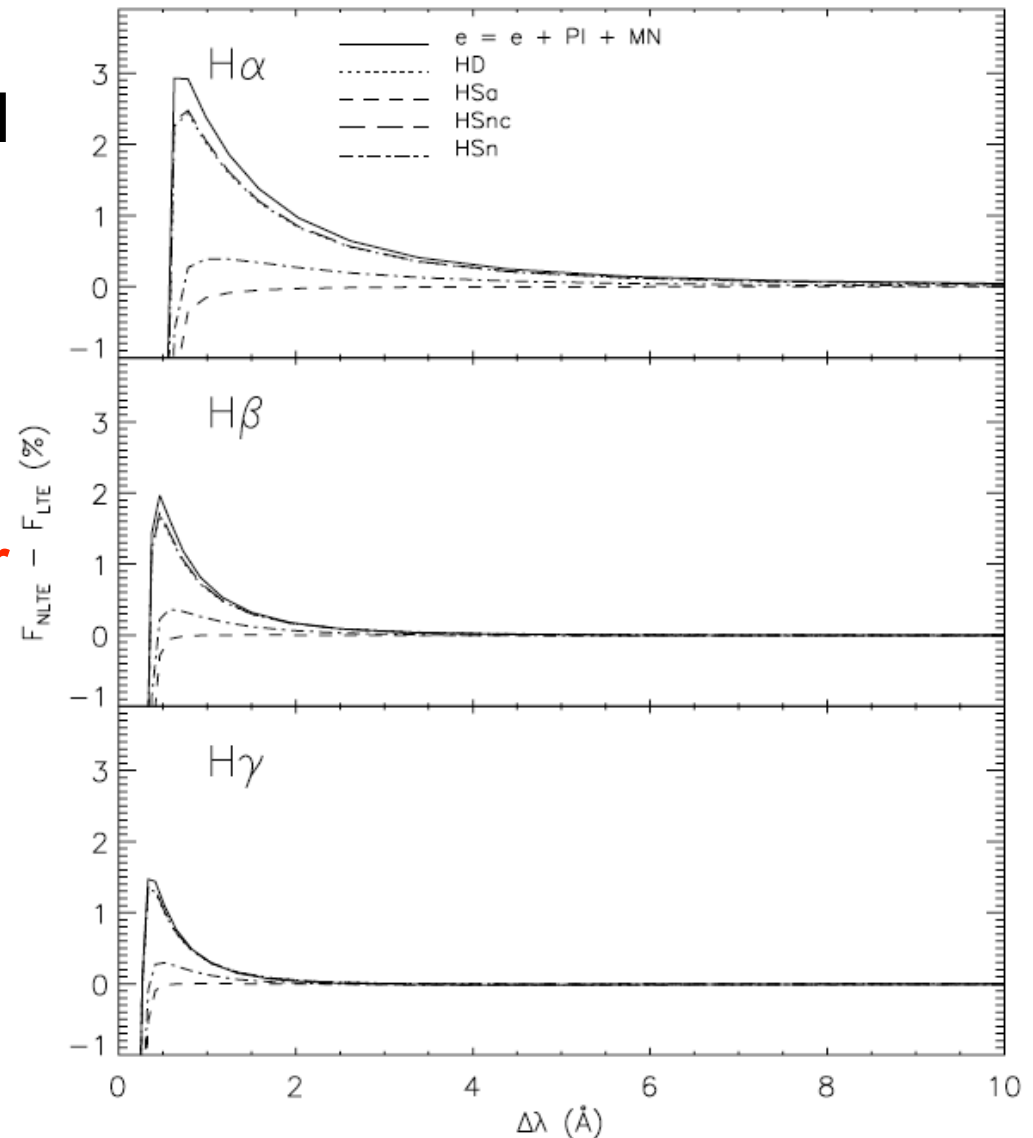
Hydrogen non-LTE

LTE normally assumed valid but is it true?

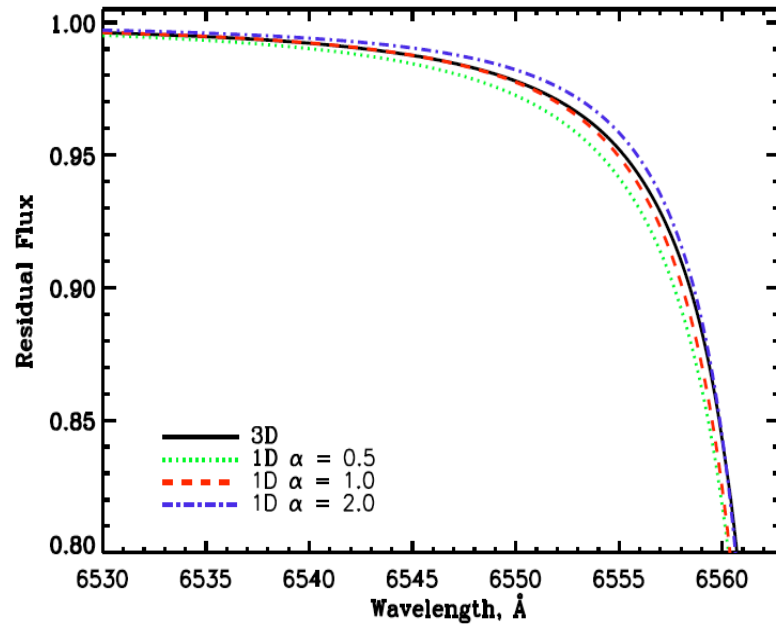
Barklem 2007:

**Departures from LTE in 1D makes H line wings weaker
⇒ Lower T_{eff} by ~100K?**

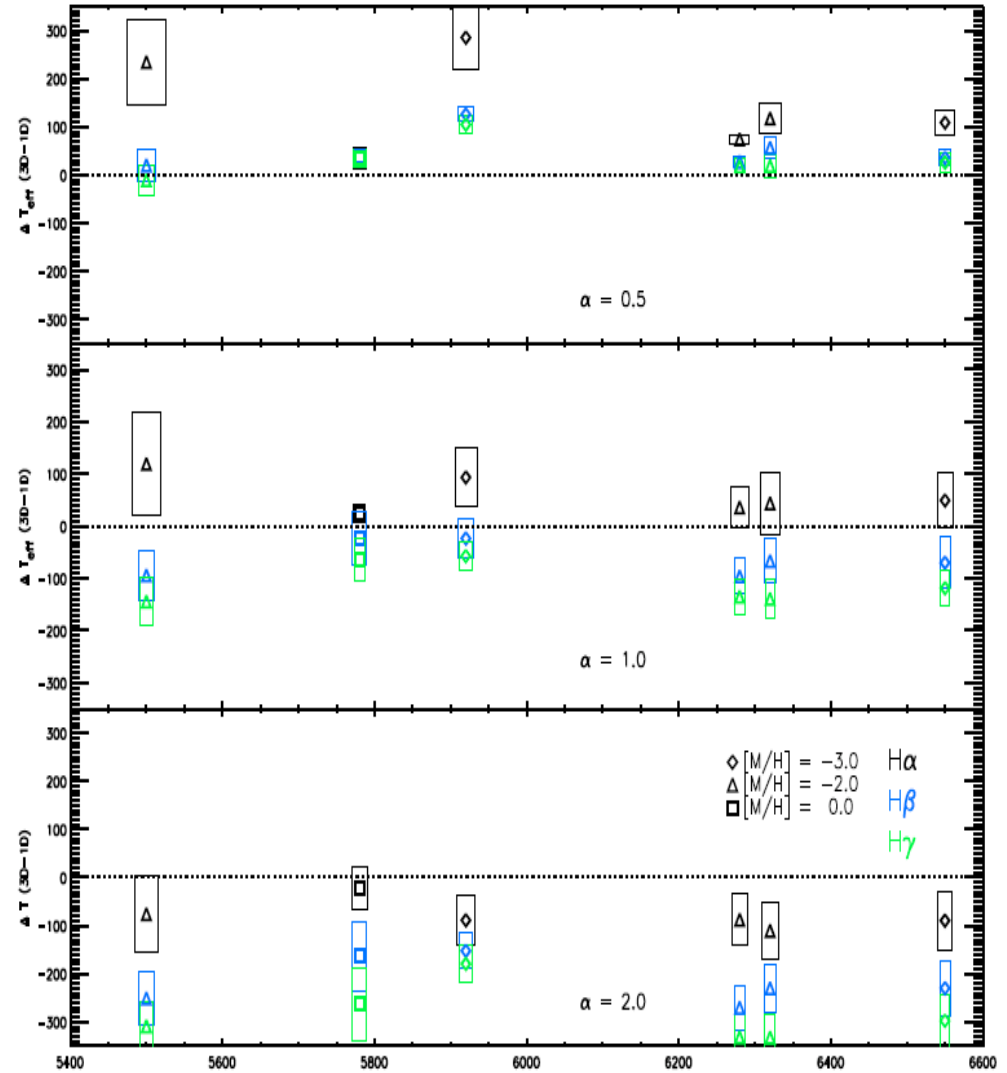
Unclear whether LTE or non-LTE due to uncertain inelastic H+H collisions



Convection sensitivity



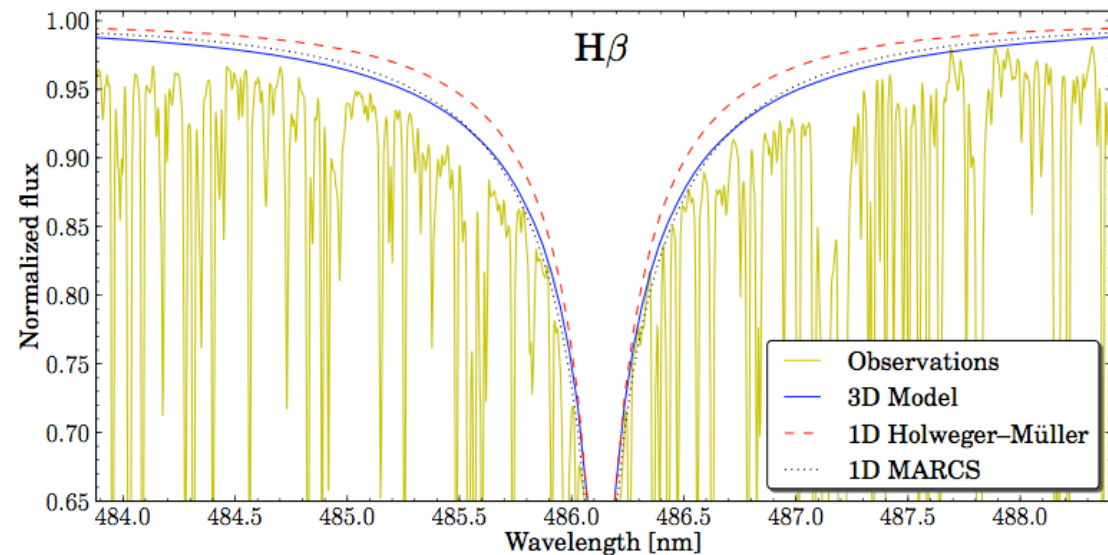
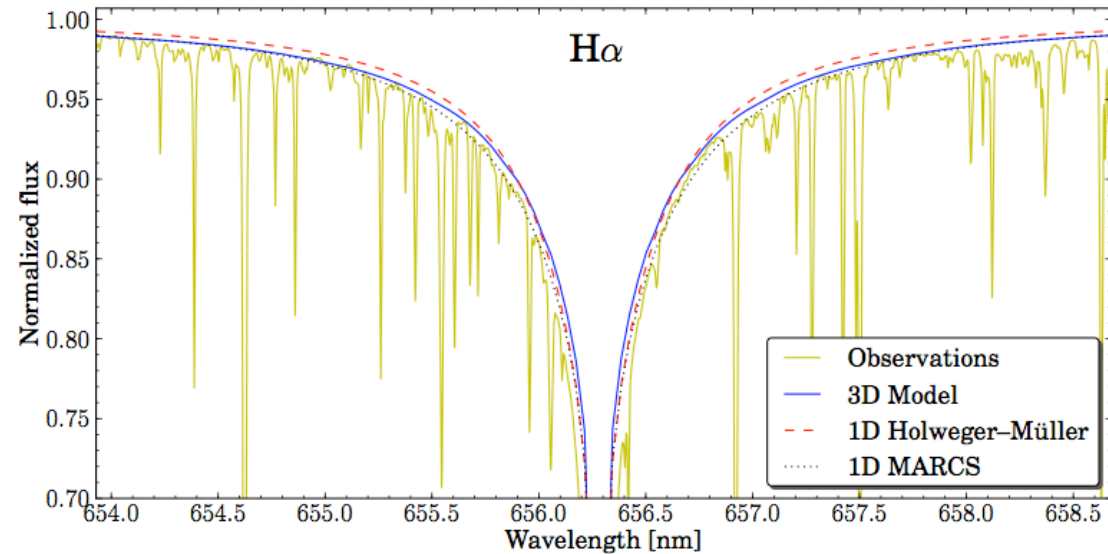
Ludwig et al. 2009:
“3D correction” of T_{eff}
depends on MLT flavour
of 1D model
 ΔT_{eff} as large as $\pm 300\text{K}$!



3D non-LTE for solar H lines

Pereira et al. 2009:
Full 3D non-LTE line
formation of H lines
⇒ Good agreement
with observed profiles

Caution: collisional
data uncertain

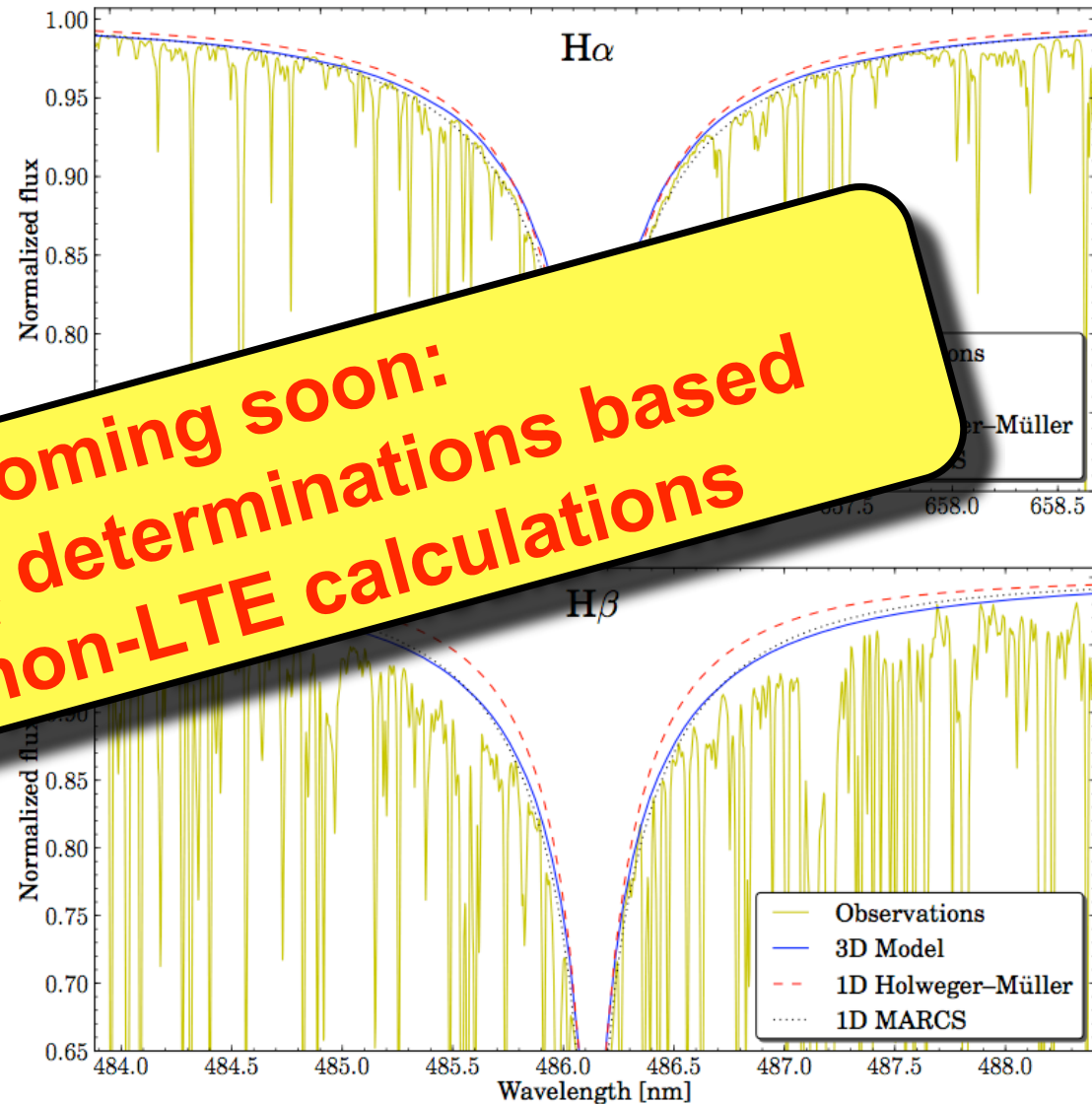


3D non-LTE for solar H lines

Pereira et al. 2009:
Full 3D non-LTE line
formation of H lines
⇒ Good agreement
with observed profiles

Cautious
data

Coming soon:
Stellar T_{eff} determinations based
on 3D non-LTE calculations



Helium



Lithium

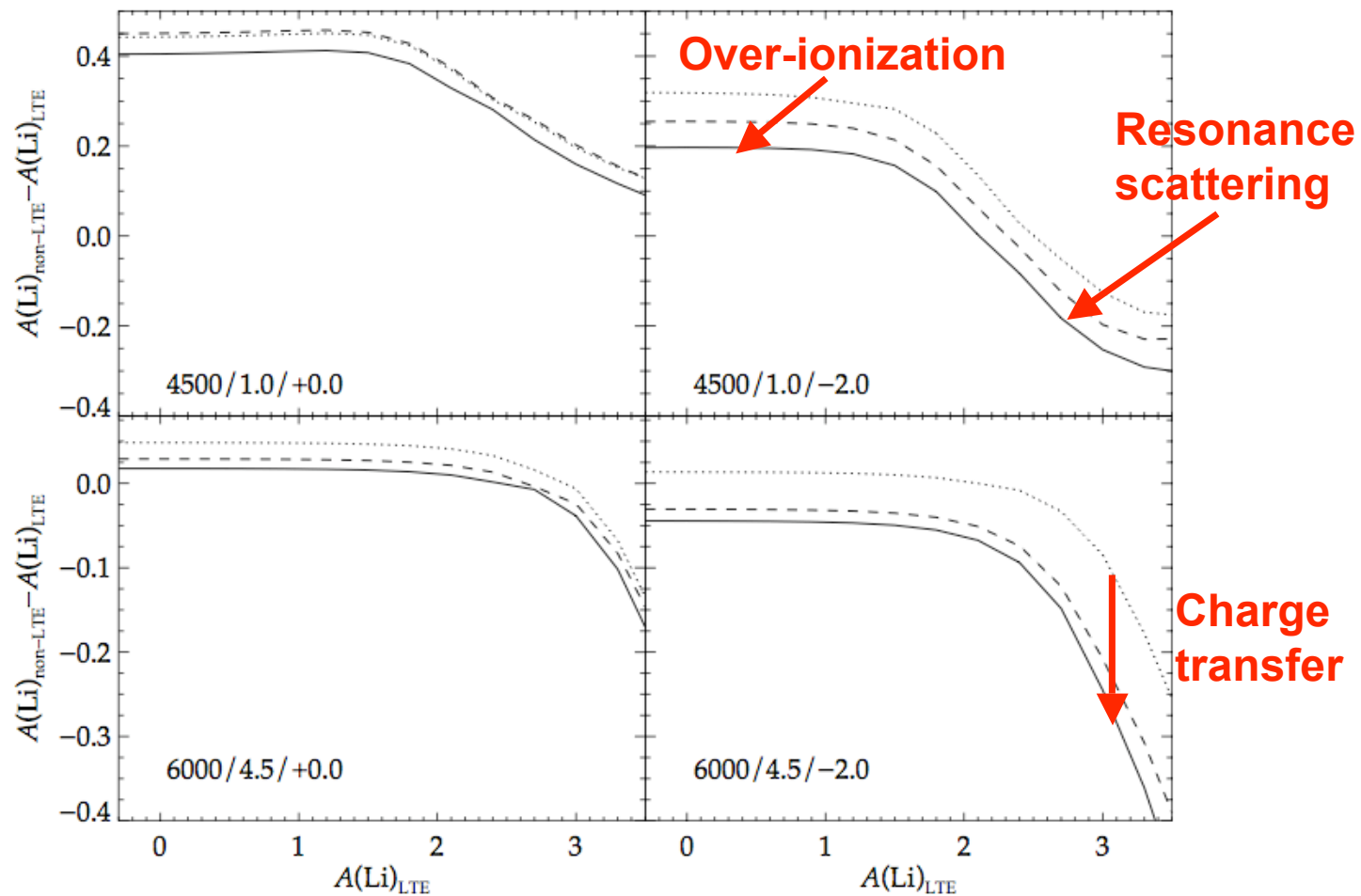


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1D non-LTE line formation

Lind et al. 2009:

Non-LTE abundance corrections for wide range of stellar parameters with collisional data from Barklem et al. (2003)



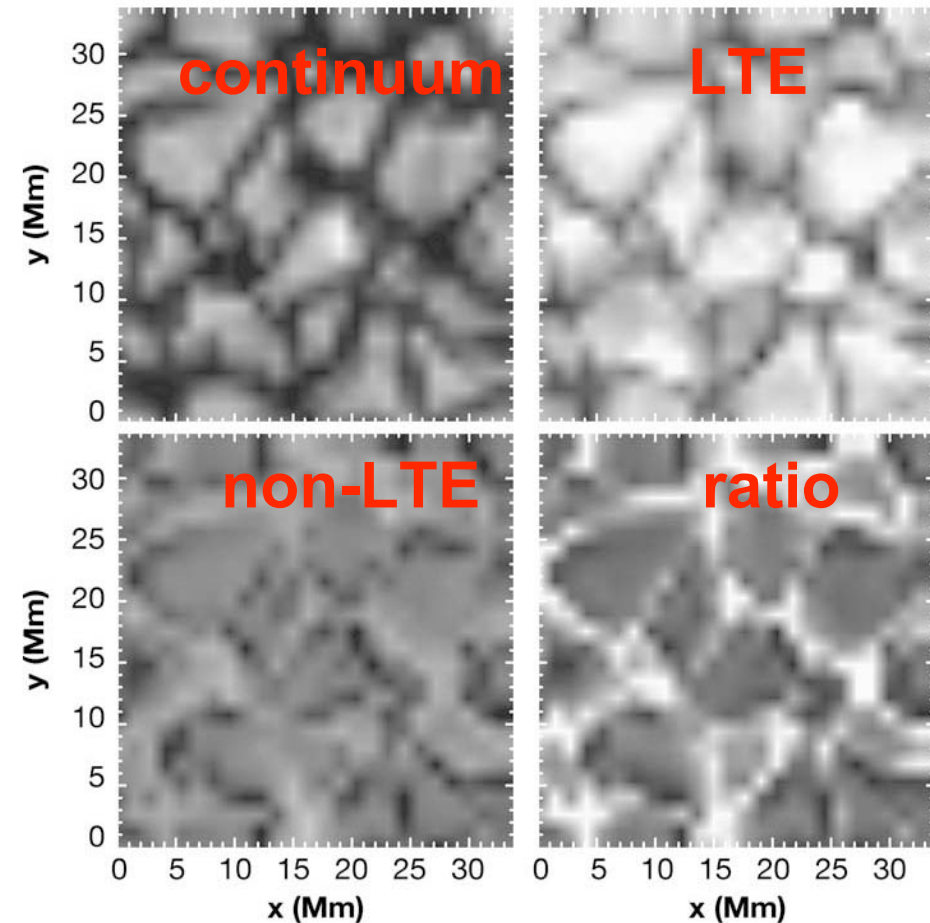
3D non-LTE line formation

Asplund et al. (1999):
Low atmospheric $T(\tau)$
at low $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$ makes Li
line very strong in LTE

Asplund et al. (2003):
3D non-LTE for Li
reveals over-ionization

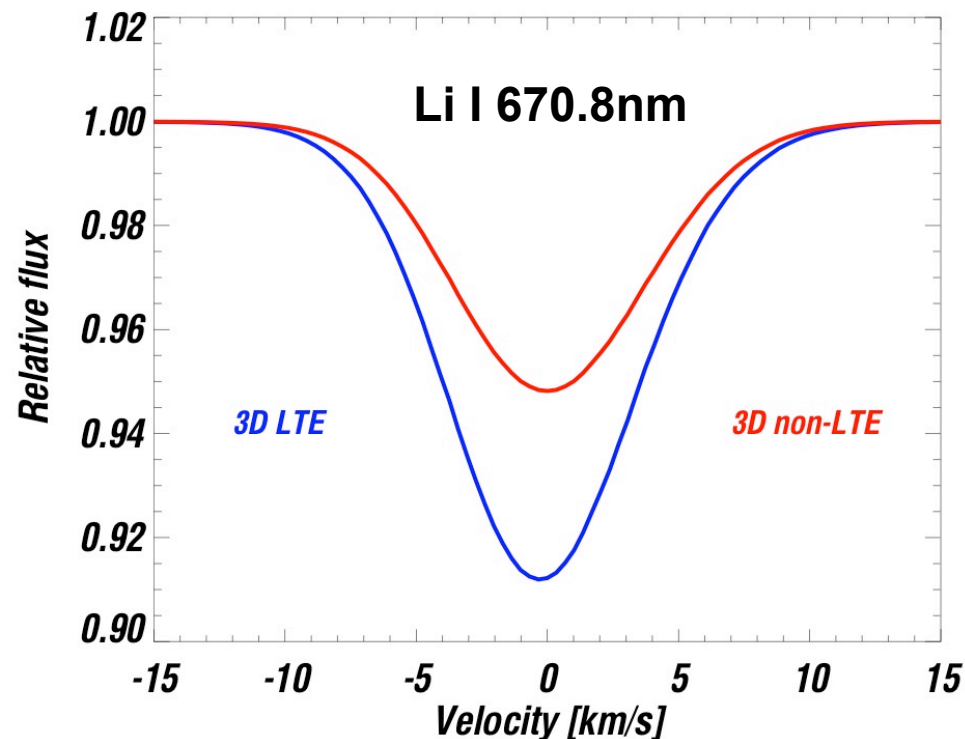


**Li line much weaker in
3D non-LTE than 3D LTE**



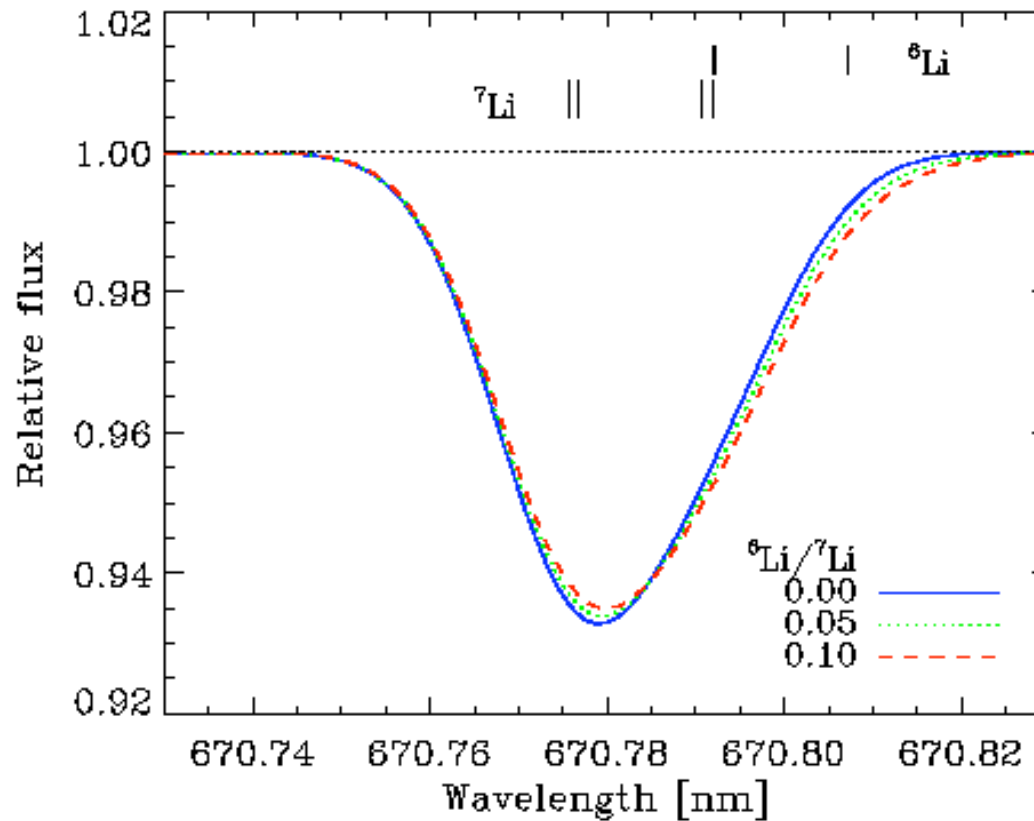
Li abundances

- Asplund et al. (2003), Barklem et al (2003):
Li abundance in 3D non-LTE the same as 1D non-LTE
to within ± 0.1 dex
- Sbordone et al. (2009, submitted + poster):
3D non-LTE calculations for grid of metal-poor dwarfs



Li isotopes

Isotopic shift in Li I 670.8nm resonance line



Exceptionally high-quality spectra needed

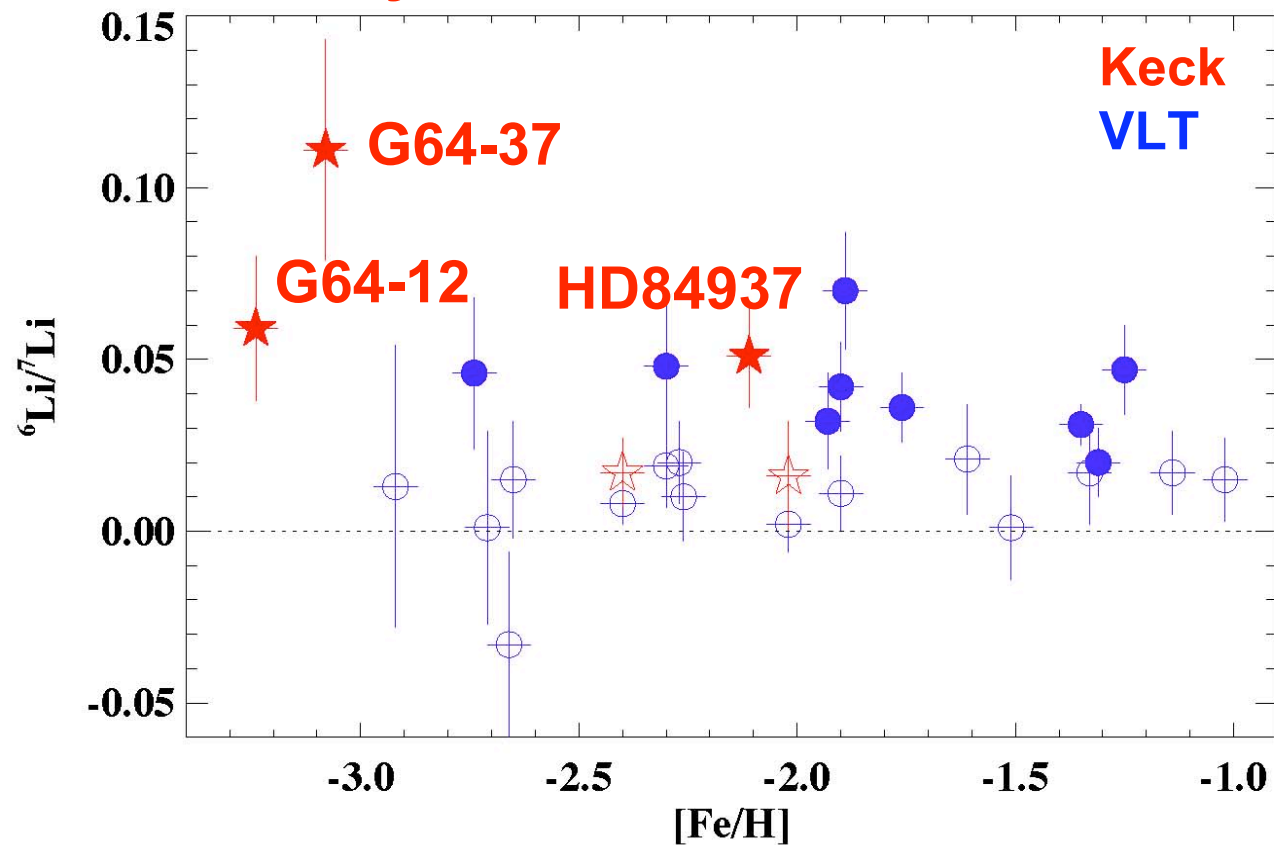
${}^6\text{Li}$ detections

Asplund et al. (2006, 2009):

Twelve $>2\sigma$ detections but many $\sim 1\sigma$ results

\Rightarrow Most stars have ${}^6\text{Li}/{}^7\text{Li} \geq 0.01$?

Or systematic errors?

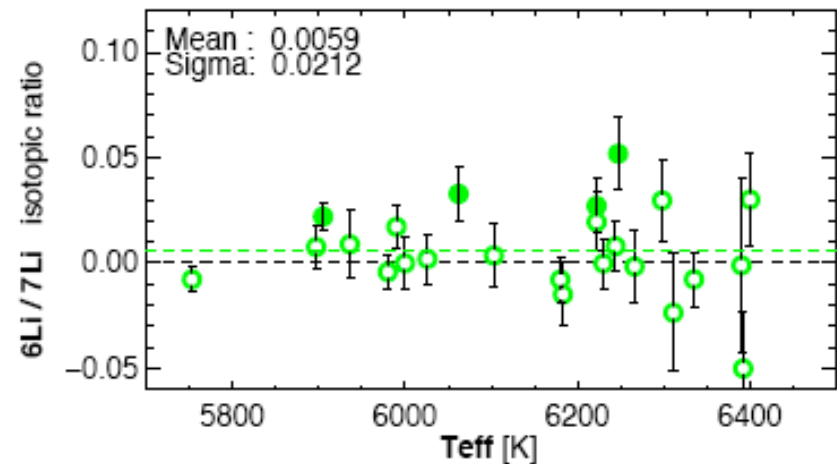
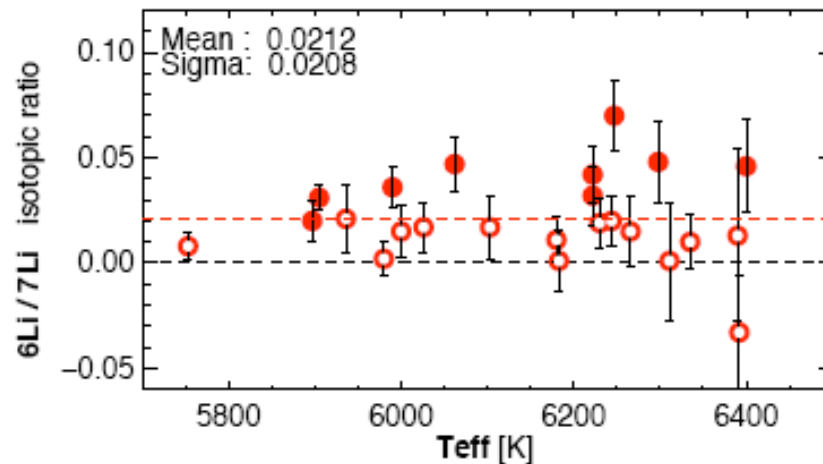
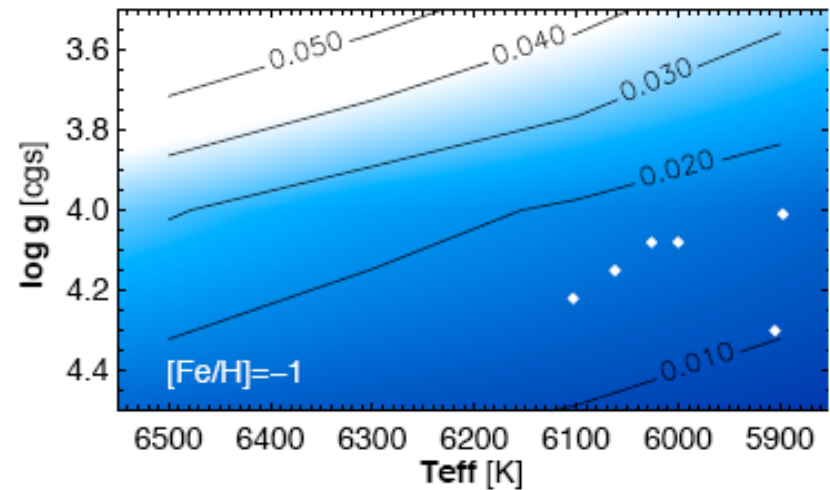
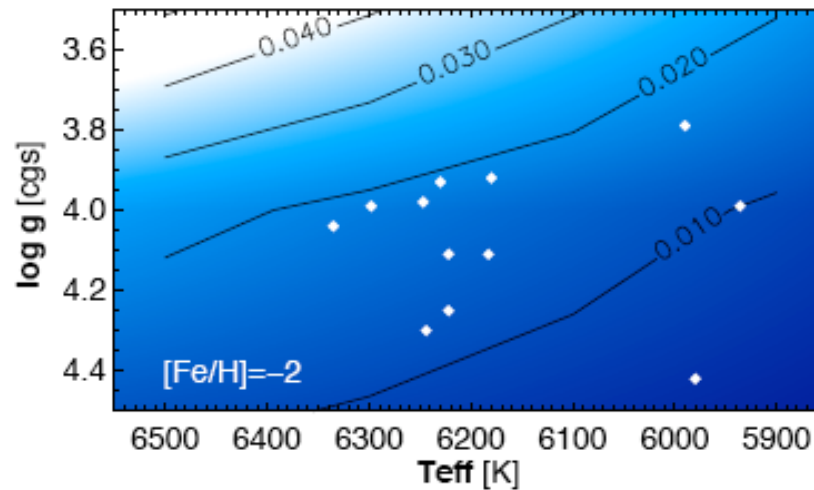


${}^6\text{Li}$ detections spurious?

Cayrel et al. (2007), see also Steffen's talk!

Convective line asymmetries can mimic ${}^6\text{Li}$

Steffen et al. (2009)



Similarities and differences

Asplund et al.

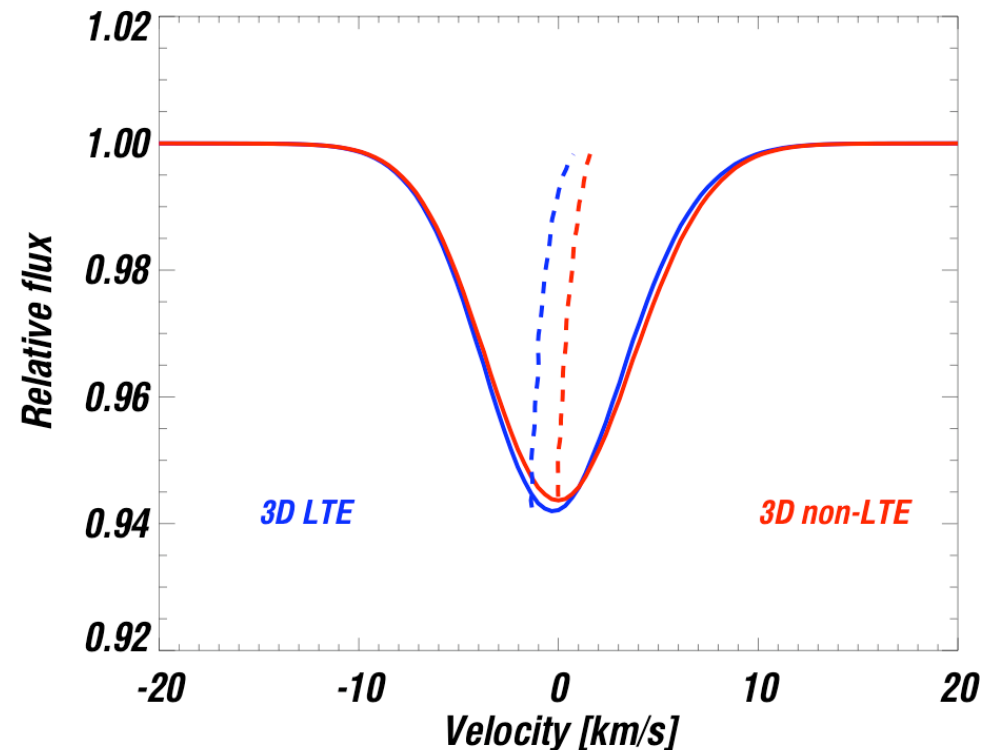
- 3D non-LTE for Li
- Broadening from Fe, Ca etc
- Free: ${}^7\text{Li}$, ${}^6\text{Li}$, λ

Steffen, Cayrel et al.

- 3D non-LTE for Li
- Only use Li I 670.8nm
- Free: ${}^7\text{Li}$, ${}^6\text{Li}$, λ , **FWHM**

Similar ${}^6\text{Li}/{}^7\text{Li}$ results in 1D, 3D LTE and 3D non-LTE for Li

⇒ 3D non-LTE also for Na, Ca, Fe etc lines!



Similarities and differences

Asplund et al.

- 3D non-LTE for Li
- Broadening from Fe, Ca etc
- Free: ${}^7\text{Li}$, ${}^6\text{Li}$, λ

Steffen, Cayrel et al.

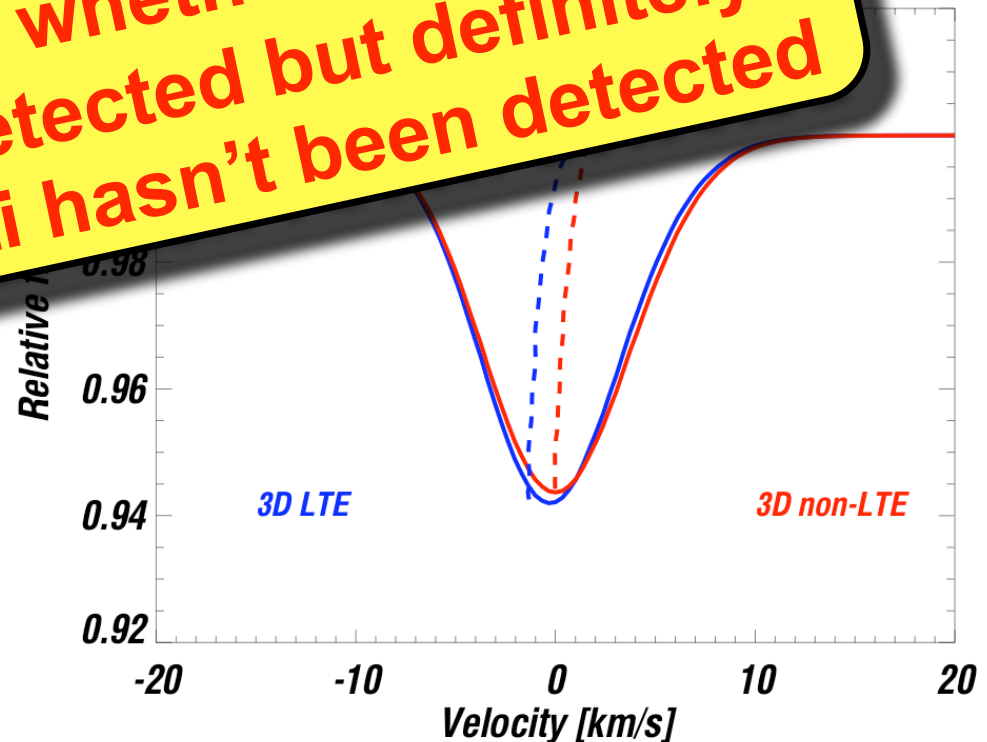
- 3D non-LTE for Li
- Only use Li I 670.8nm
- Free: ${}^7\text{Li}$, ${}^6\text{Li}$, λ , FWHM

Similarities

Differences

⇒ 3D non-LTE also for Na, Ca, Fe etc lines!

To early to say whether ${}^6\text{Li}$ has definitely been detected but definitely too early to say ${}^6\text{Li}$ hasn't been detected



Beryllium

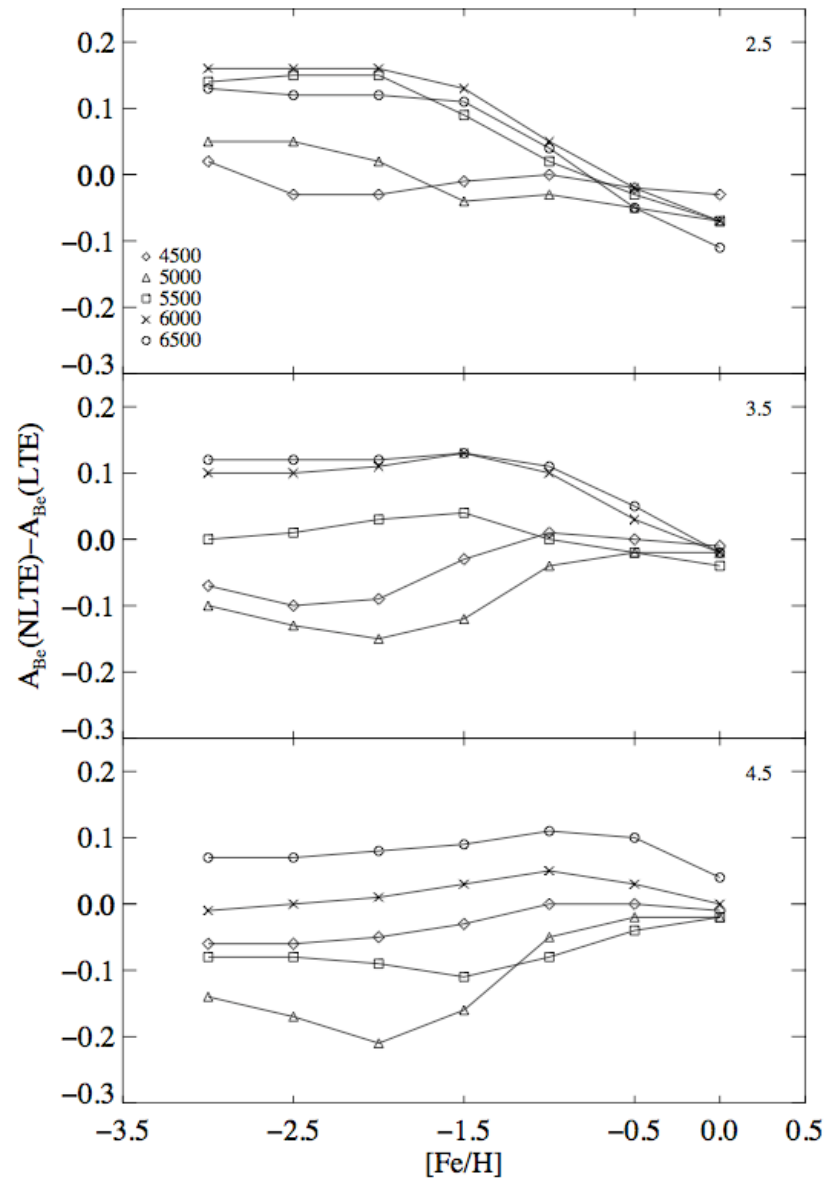


Be non-LTE line formation

Be II 313nm lines
relatively insensitive to
non-LTE and 3D effects

Garcia Perez et al. 2009:
1D non-LTE calculations
for Be II for wide range of
stellar parameters

$\Delta \log \text{Be} \leq \pm 0.2$ dex
(over-ionization and
over-excitation)



Boron

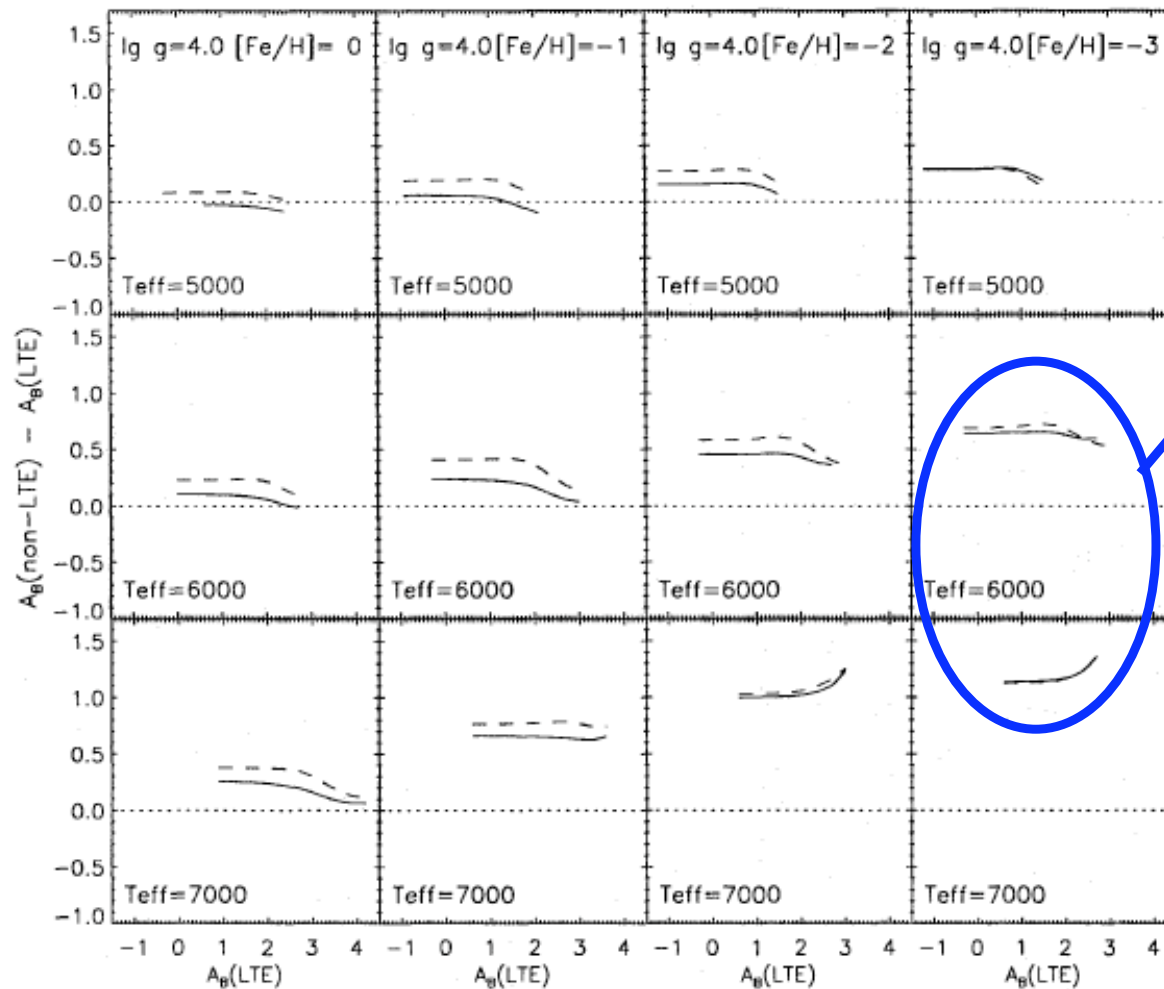


astro
NUTRITION

B non-LTE line formation

Kiselman & Carlsson 1996:

Very large 1D non-LTE effects on B I 209+250nm lines



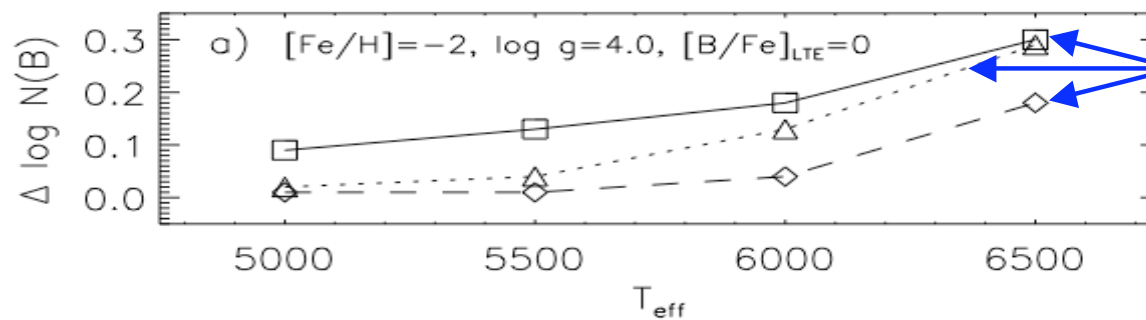
$\Delta \log > 0.5$ dex for
metal-poor
turn-off stars!

Over-ionization +
photon pumping
feeding on
 $J_{\nu}/B_{\nu} > 1$
radiation in UV

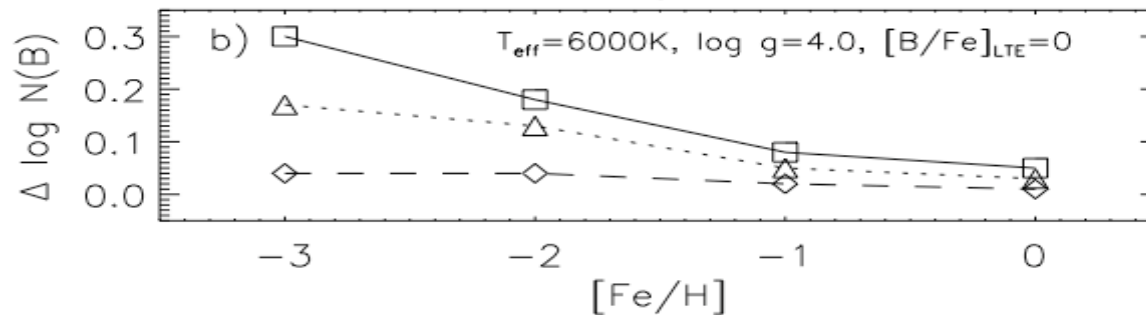
B non-LTE revisited

Tan et al. 2009:

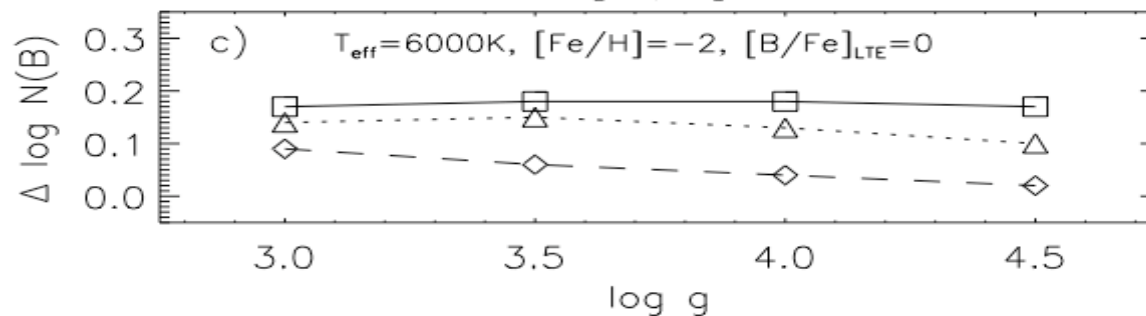
New 1D non-LTE calculations with more complete UV line-blocking and H collisions



Different S_{H} scaling factors to H collisions



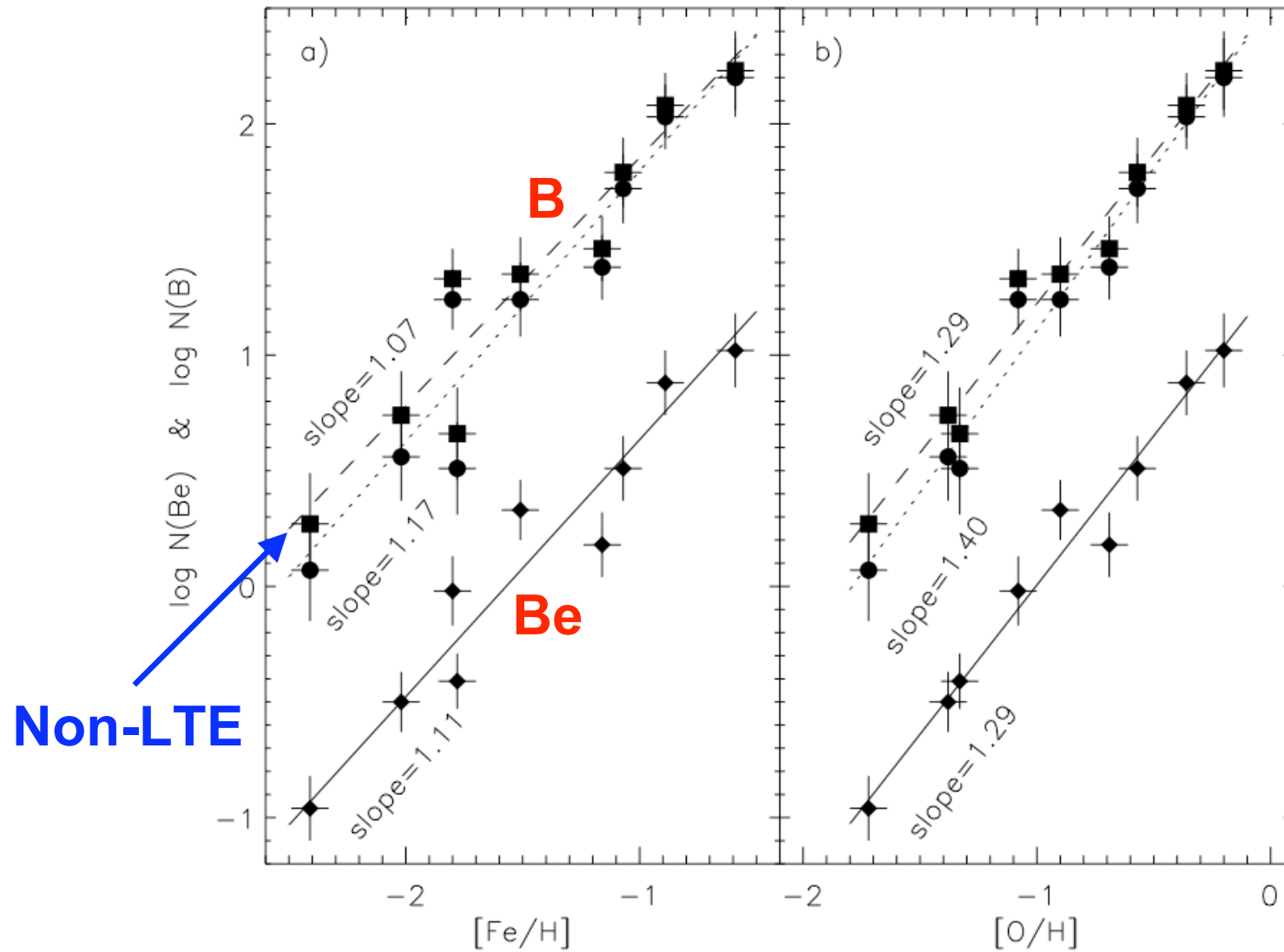
$\Delta \log B \leq 0.3$ dex



Caution: 3D will likely aggravate non-LTE effects

Be and B vs metallicity

Tan et al. 2009



Summary

3D and non-LTE are nothing magical or “horrendously complicated” [Lambert]

- Non-LTE and 3D effects more important for $T_{\text{eff}} \uparrow$, $\log g \downarrow$ and $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \downarrow$
- T_{eff} from H lines sensitive to 3D and non-LTE(?)
- Li abundance: 1D non-LTE \approx 3D non-LTE
- ${}^6\text{Li}/{}^7\text{Li}$ difficult! Use information from other lines
- Non-LTE effects for B smaller than thought